

Not Your Father's Oil Shock

A widely popular notion is that oil price fluctuations are primarily driven by changes in oil supply. This belief may have formed because much of the production of oil is determined by a cartel (the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries). During the 1970s and early 1980s, several oil supply disruptions were associated with large increases in the real price of oil. In particular, the oil embargo of 1973 and the Iranian Revolution of 1979 appeared to cause large increases in oil prices.

The chart tracks the West Texas Intermediate crude oil spot price (deflated by the headline consumer price index) and world crude oil production. For both series, the rate of change in the two-quarter moving average is shown. The vertical bars represent the noted historical periods and a few others that seemingly affected oil prices—the start of the Iran-Iraq War in 1980, the start of the Persian Gulf War in 1990, civil unrest in Venezuela in 2002, and the invasion of Iraq in 2003.

As the chart shows, oil price changes do not always react in the opposite direction of supply changes, implying that additional factors may be at work. Economist Lutz Kilian (2009) recently studied three different types of oil price shocks: changes in (i) production (i.e., supply shocks), (ii) global demand driven by economic activity, and (iii) precautionary demand, which is the demand for assets (in this case, oil) to guard against future emergencies (e.g., unanticipated shortages).¹ Similar to conventional increases in demand (say, for production or transportation), increases in precautionary demand raise the price of oil.

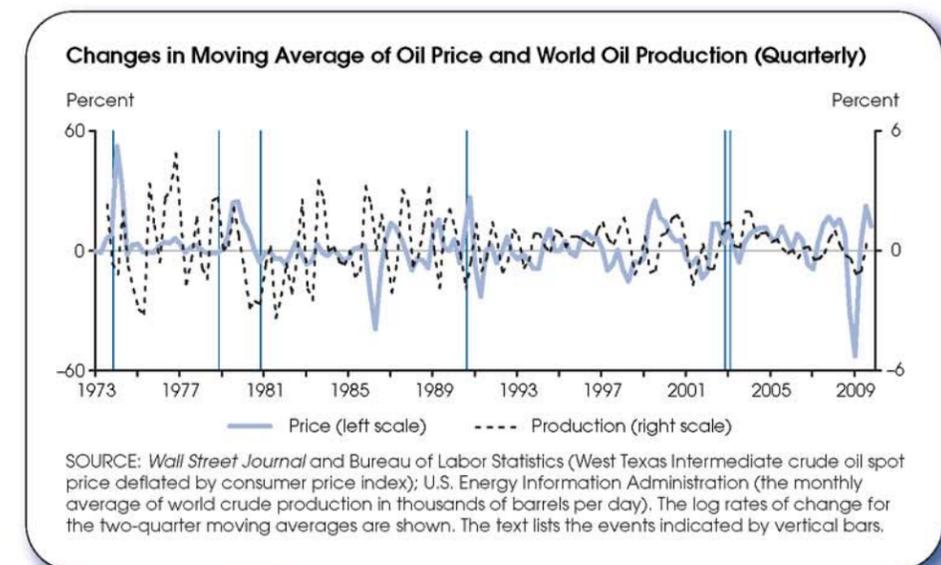
If different oil price shocks occur around the same time, can we differentiate their effects on oil prices? Kilian addresses this question in the context of some notable oil price spikes. For instance, he finds that the

price increases in 1979-80 were primarily caused by increases in precautionary demand, while oil production declines had a relatively small impact. The same can be said for the Persian Gulf War period. Since 2002, however, most of the price increases can be attributed to increased global demand from countries such as China and India. Overall, Kilian's results provide evidence that increases in the demand for oil are the main contributors to fluctuations in the real price of oil.

This does not imply that disruptions in oil supply have no effect. Changes in supply now can indirectly affect prices by raising precautionary demand if agents believe that future disruptions will escalate. If, say, political unrest in oil-producing regions leads to uncertainty about future oil supplies, precautionary demand will increase, as will oil prices.

—Kristie M. Engemann and Michael T. Owyang

¹ Kilian, Lutz. "Not All Oil Price Shocks Are Alike: Disentangling Demand and Supply Shocks in the Crude Oil Market." *American Economic Review*, June 2009, 99(3), pp. 1053-69.



This page is intentionally left blank.

Contents

Page	
3	Economy at a Glance
4	Output and Growth
7	Interest Rates
8	Inflation and Prices
10	Labor Markets
12	Consumer Spending
14	Investment Spending
16	Government Revenues, Spending, and Debt
18	International Trade
20	Productivity and Profits
22	FOMC Economic Projections
24	Quick Reference Tables
29	Notes and Sources

Conventions used in this publication:

1. Except where otherwise noted, solid shading indicates recessions, as determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research. The NBER has not yet determined the end of the recession that began in December 2007; however, the hatched shading shows that the recession ended in July 2009. We made this determination based on a statistical model for dating business cycle turning points developed by Marcelle Chauvet and Jeremy Piger (“A Comparison of the Real-Time Performance of Business Cycle Dating Methods,” *Journal of Business and Economic Statistics*, 2008, 26, 42-49). For more information, see http://www.uoregon.edu/~jpiger/us_recession_probs.htm.
2. *Percent change* refers to simple percent changes. *Percent change from year ago* refers to the percent change from the same month or quarter during the previous year. *Compounded annual rate of change* shows what the growth rate would be over an entire year if the same simple percent change continued for four quarters or twelve months. The compounded annual rate of change of x between the previous quarter $t-1$ and the current quarter t is: $[(x_t/x_{t-1})^4 - 1] \times 100$. For monthly data replace 4 with 12.
3. All data with significant seasonal patterns are adjusted accordingly, unless labeled NSA.

We welcome your comments addressed to:

Editor, *National Economic Trends*
Research Division
Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis
P.O. Box 442
St. Louis, MO 63166-0442

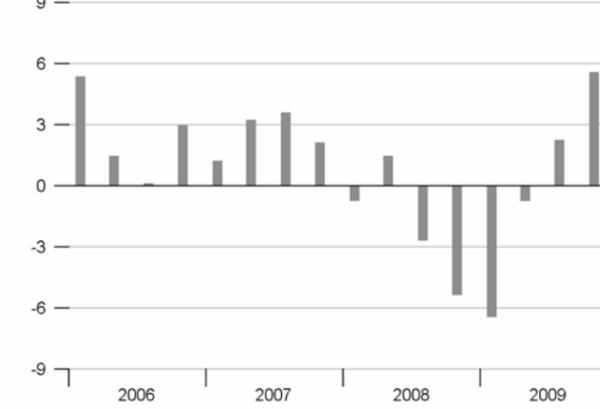
or to:

stlsFRED@stls.frb.org

This page is intentionally left blank.

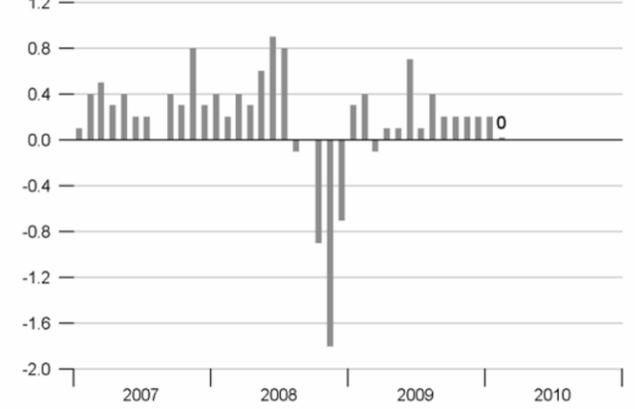
Real GDP Growth

Compounded annual rates of change



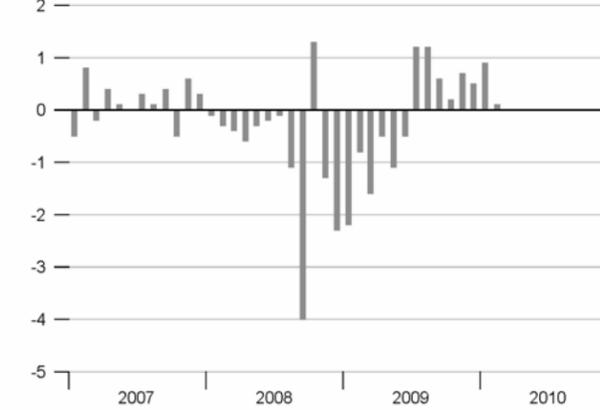
Consumer Price Index

Percent change



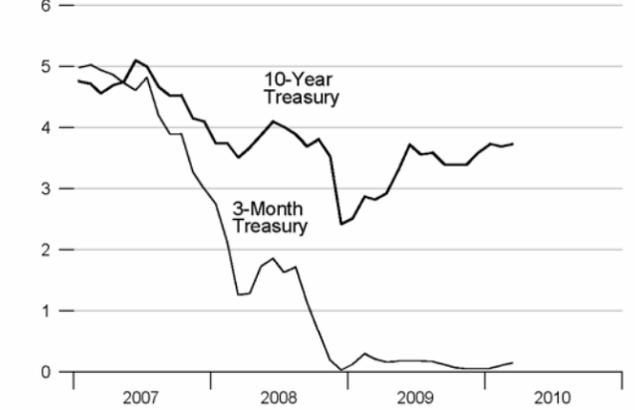
Industrial Production

Percent change



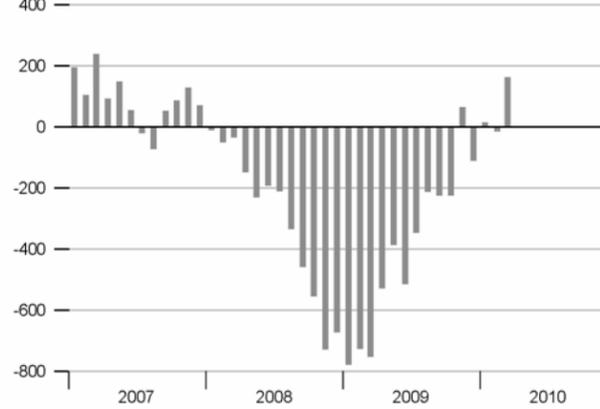
Interest Rates

Percent



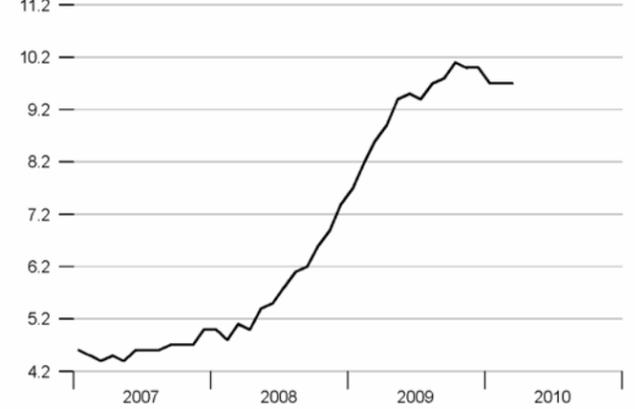
Change in Nonfarm Payrolls

Thousands



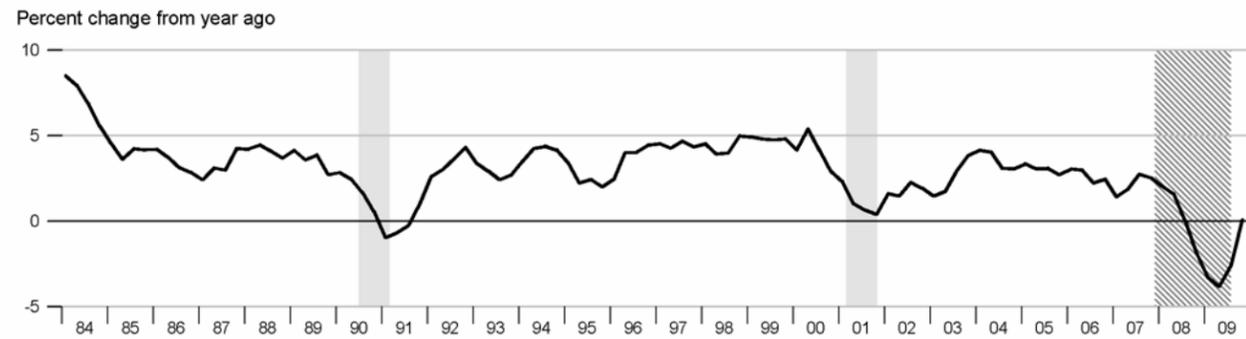
Unemployment Rate

Percent of labor force

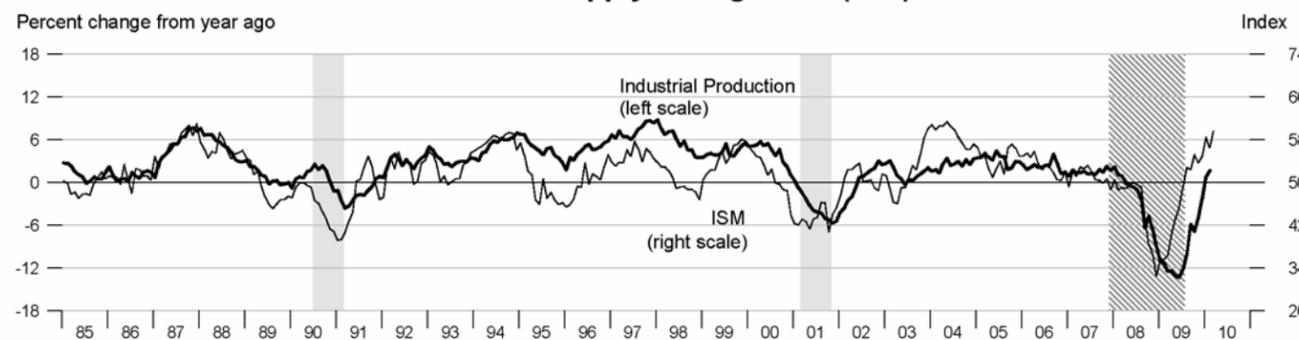


This page is intentionally left blank.

Real Gross Domestic Product



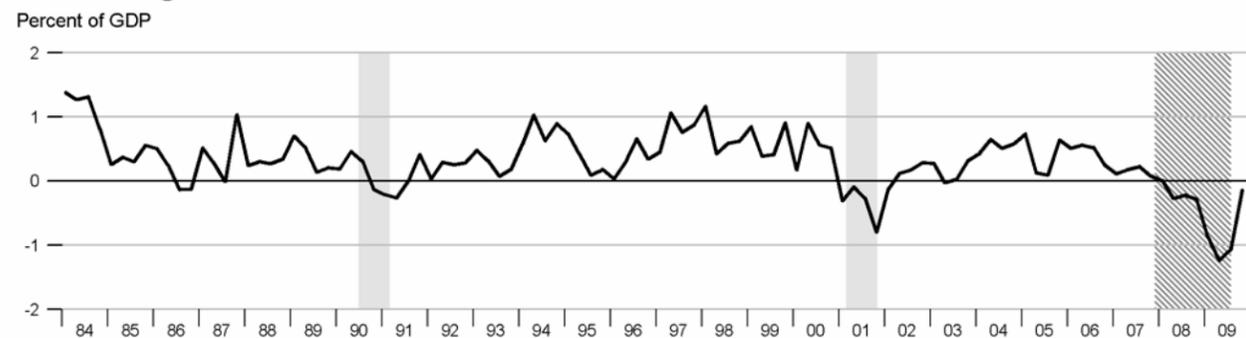
Industrial Production and Institute for Supply Management (ISM) Indexes



Aggregate Private Nonfarm Hours



Real Change in Private Inventories



Notes

Pages 4, 5: **Final Sales** is gross domestic product (GDP) minus change in private inventories. **Advance, Second, and Third GDP Growth Rates** are released during the first, second, and third months of the following quarter. Changes result from incorporation of more complete information. Real GDP is measured in 2005 dollars. The **ISM** (formerly Purchasing Managers') **Index** is a weighted average of diffusion indexes for new orders, production, supplier deliveries, inventories, and employment. **Aggregate and Average Weekly Hours** are paid hours of production and nonsupervisory employees. The **Inventory-Sales Ratio** uses nominal (current-dollar) inventory and sales data.

Page 6: For information on how to calculate the **Contribution** of a component to the overall GDP growth rate, see the October 1999 issue of the Survey of Current Business, p. 16. The sign is changed for **Imports**.

Page 7: Ten-year **Treasury Yields** are adjusted to constant maturity; three-month yields are secondary market averages. All rates used in the yield curves are adjusted to constant maturity. **Standard and Poor's 500 Index with Reinvested Dividends** shows the total return: capital gains plus dividends.

Pages 8, 9: **Oil** (West Texas intermediate) and **Natural Gas** (Henry Hub) spot and futures prices are listed in the *Wall Street Journal*. Spot prices are monthly averages of daily prices; futures prices are usually taken from the last trading day of the month. **Consumer Price Index** is for all urban consumers. The **Consumption Chain Price Index** is the index associated with the personal consumption expenditures component of GDP. The **Employment Cost Index (ECI)** covers private nonfarm employers. **ECI Compensation** refers to a fixed sample of jobs, while **Compensation per Hour** covers all workers in the nonfarm business sector in a given quarter. In both cases, compensation is wages and salaries plus benefits.

Pages 10, 11: Effective with the January 2008 **Employment Situation**, the establishment survey data for employment, hours, and earnings have been converted from the 2002 NAICS system to the 2007 NAICS system. For more information see <http://www.bls.gov/ces/>. **Nonfarm Payroll Employment** is counted in a survey of about 400,000 establishments (Current Employment Statistics). It excludes self-employed individuals and workers in private households, but double-counts individuals with more than one job. The **Household Survey** (Current Population Survey) of about 60,000 households provides estimates of civilian employment, unemployment rate, labor force participation rate, and employment-population ratio. **Population** is civilian, noninstitutional, 16 years and over. The 90 percent confidence intervals for the unemployment rate (± 0.2 percentage points) and change in household survey employment ($\pm 430,000$) measure uncertainty due to sample size. Because the household survey was changed in January 1994, data prior to this date are not strictly comparable. The Bureau of Labor Statistics announced several revisions to the Household Survey on Feb. 7, 2003, with the release of the January 2003 data. For more information, see www.bls.gov/cps/. The **Job Openings rate** is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month as a percent of total employment plus job openings.

Page 13: The **Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index** shows changes in a summary measure of consumers' answers to five questions about their current and expected financial situation, expectations about future economic conditions, and attitudes about making large purchases. The survey is based on a representative sample of U.S. households.

Page 15: **Gross Private Saving** is the sum of personal saving, undistributed corporate profits with IVA and CCAAdj (see notes for pp. 18-19), and private wage accruals less disbursements. **Gross Government Saving** is net government saving (surplus/deficit) plus consumption of fixed capital. **Balance on Current Account (NIPA)** is net capital transfer payments to the rest of the world plus net lending or net borrowing (international trade and income flows).

Pages 16, 17: **Government Consumption and Investment** is current expenditures on goods and services, including capital consumption (depreciation) and gross investment, as reported in the NIPAs. The **Unified Federal Budget Surplus/Deficit** differs from **NIPA Basis** in four main ways: (1) NIPA excludes transactions involving existing assets; (2) NIPA outlays exclude government

investment and include consumption of government capital, while unified budget outlays do the reverse; (3) NIPA accounts exclude Puerto Rico and U.S. territories; and (4) various timing issues are handled differently. **Outlays and Receipts** are from the NIPAs, except as noted. Since 1977, the federal **Fiscal Year** starts on October 1. Excluded agency debt was 0.6 percent of federal debt at the end of fiscal 1997. **Federal Debt Held by the Public** includes holdings of the Federal Reserve System and excludes holdings of the social security and other federal trust funds. Federal grants in aid to state and local governments appear in both state and local receipts and federal outlays.

Pages 18, 19: The **Trade Balance** (shown on a balance of payments basis) is the difference between exports and imports of goods (merchandise) and services. It is nearly identical in concept to the **Net Exports** component of GDP, but differs slightly in accounting details. The **Investment Income Balance** equals income received from U.S.-owned assets in other countries minus income paid on foreign-owned assets in the U.S. The investment income balance is nearly identical in concept to the difference between gross national product and gross domestic product, but differs in accounting details. The **Current Account Balance** is the trade balance plus the balance on investment income plus net unilateral transfers to the U.S. from other countries.

Pages 20, 21: **Output per Hour (Y/H)**, **Unit Labor Cost (C/Y)**, and **Compensation per Hour (C/H)** are indexes which approximately obey the following relationship: $\%(Y/H) + \%(C/Y) = \%(C/H)$ with $\%(C)$ meaning percent changes. Unit labor cost is shown on page 9. **Real Compensation per Hour** uses the CPI to adjust for the effects of inflation. Nonfarm business accounted for about 77 percent of the value of GDP in 2000, while nonfinancial corporations accounted for about 54 percent. **Inventory Valuation Adjustments (IVA)** remove the effect of changes in the value of existing inventories from corporate profits and proprietors' income. (This change in value does not correspond to current production and therefore is not part of GDP). **Capital Consumption Adjustments (CCAdj)** increase profits and proprietors' income by the difference between estimates of economic depreciation and depreciation allowed by the tax code. Components of national income not shown are rental income of persons and net interest.

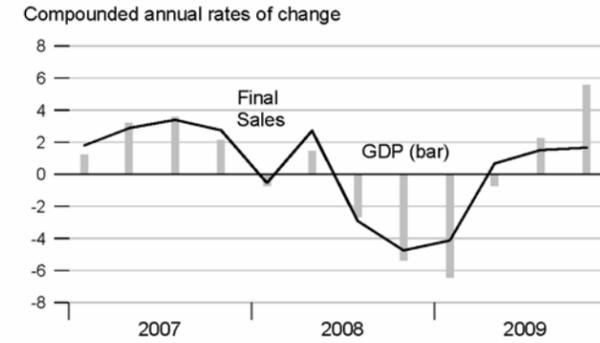
Pages 22, 23: The economic projections of the **Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC)** are published four times a year. Except for the unemployment rate, the projections for the current and following years are on a Q4/Q4 horizon. The shaded area represents the range of the economic projections of the FOMC members, and the dot signifies the mid-point of the ranges. The projections of the changes in the total PCE price index and the core PCE price index (excluding food and energy prices) are presumed to converge over time.

Sources

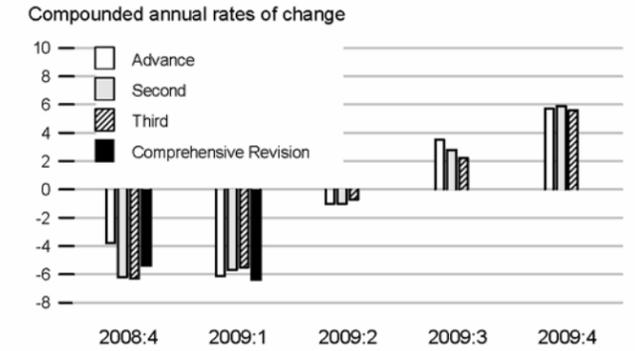
- Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), U.S. Dept. of Commerce*
National income and product accounts, international trade and investment data (except by country), auto and light truck sales.
- Census Bureau, U.S. Dept. of Commerce*
Inventory-sales ratios, retail sales, capital goods orders, housing starts, exports and imports by country.
- Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), U.S. Dept. of Labor*
All employment-related data, employment cost index, consumer and producer price indexes, unit labor cost, output per hour, compensation per hour, multifactor productivity.
- United States Department of Treasury*
Unified budget receipts, outlays, deficit, debt.
- Federal Reserve Board*
Index of industrial production, treasury yields, exchange rates, capacity utilization, household debt.
- The Survey Research Center, The University of Michigan*
Consumer sentiment index.
- Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)*
GDP for major trading partners (not available on FRED).

	Consumer Price Index					Consumer Price Index less Food and Energy					Producer Price Index Finished Goods				
	Index	Percent change				Index	Percent change				Index	Percent change			
		Monthly/quarterly	Annual rate	Year ago	Year to date		Monthly/quarterly	Annual rate	Year ago	Year to date		Monthly/quarterly	Annual rate	Year ago	
2005	195.267			3.4		200.867			2.1		155.8			4.9	
2006	201.550			3.2		205.942			2.5		160.3			2.9	
2007	207.335			2.9		210.729			2.3		166.6			3.9	
2008	215.247			3.8		215.568			2.3		177.2			6.4	
2009	214.549			-0.3		219.236			1.7		172.8			-2.5	
2007	1	204.314	1.0	4.0	2.4	4.0	208.995	0.6	2.3	2.6	2.3	162.6	1.7	6.8	1.9
	2	206.670	1.2	4.7	2.7	4.4	210.080	0.5	2.1	2.2	2.2	166.2	2.2	9.1	3.4
	3	207.942	0.6	2.5	2.4	3.7	211.223	0.5	2.2	2.2	2.2	166.8	0.4	1.5	3.6
	4	210.416	1.2	4.8	4.0	4.0	212.617	0.7	2.7	2.3	2.3	170.6	2.3	9.4	6.7
2008	1	212.824	1.1	4.7	4.2	4.7	213.951	0.6	2.5	2.4	2.5	174.3	2.2	9.0	7.2
	2	215.557	1.3	5.2	4.3	4.9	214.985	0.5	1.9	2.3	2.2	178.9	2.6	11.0	7.7
	3	218.909	1.6	6.4	5.3	5.4	216.501	0.7	2.9	2.5	2.4	182.5	2.0	8.3	9.4
	4	213.698	-2.4	-9.2	1.6	1.6	216.834	0.2	0.6	2.0	2.0	173.0	-5.2	-19.3	1.4
2009	1	212.493	-0.6	-2.2	-0.2	-2.2	217.670	0.4	1.6	1.7	1.6	170.6	-1.4	-5.5	-2.2
	2	213.473	0.5	1.9	-1.0	-0.2	218.934	0.6	2.3	1.8	1.9	171.6	0.6	2.5	-4.1
	3	215.417	0.9	3.7	-1.6	1.1	219.752	0.4	1.5	1.5	1.8	173.0	0.8	3.2	-5.2
	4	216.813	0.6	2.6	1.5	1.5	220.590	0.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	175.8	1.6	6.7	1.6
2008	Feb	212.703	0.2	2.7	4.1	3.7	213.857	0.1	0.8	2.3	2.0	173.9	0.3	4.2	6.9
	Mar	213.543	0.4	4.8	4.0	4.0	214.284	0.2	2.4	2.4	2.2	175.8	1.1	13.9	6.9
	Apr	214.106	0.3	3.2	4.0	3.8	214.502	0.1	1.2	2.3	1.9	176.5	0.4	4.9	6.5
	May	215.287	0.6	6.8	4.1	4.4	214.948	0.2	2.5	2.3	2.1	178.8	1.3	16.8	7.4
	Jun	217.279	0.9	11.7	4.9	5.6	215.506	0.3	3.2	2.4	2.2	181.5	1.5	19.7	9.1
	Jul	219.102	0.8	10.5	5.5	6.3	216.173	0.3	3.8	2.5	2.5	183.7	1.2	15.6	9.7
	Aug	218.779	-0.1	-1.8	5.3	5.3	216.548	0.2	2.1	2.5	2.4	181.9	-1.0	-11.1	9.6
	Sep	218.846	0.0	0.4	5.0	4.7	216.783	0.1	1.3	2.5	2.3	182.0	0.1	0.7	8.9
	Oct	216.832	-0.9	-10.5	3.7	3.1	216.768	-0.0	-0.1	2.2	2.0	177.3	-2.6	-26.9	5.3
	Nov	212.923	-1.8	-19.6	1.0	0.8	216.873	0.0	0.6	2.0	1.9	172.3	-2.8	-29.1	0.2
	Dec	211.339	-0.7	-8.6	-0.0	-0.0	216.860	-0.0	-0.1	1.7	1.7	169.4	-1.7	-18.4	-1.2
	2009	Jan	211.959	0.3	3.6	-0.1	3.6	217.249	0.2	2.2	1.7	2.2	171.2	1.1	13.5
Feb		212.877	0.4	5.3	0.1	4.4	217.674	0.2	2.4	1.8	2.3	170.9	-0.2	-2.1	-1.7
Mar		212.643	-0.1	-1.3	-0.4	2.5	218.086	0.2	2.3	1.8	2.3	169.6	-0.8	-8.8	-3.5
Apr		212.810	0.1	0.9	-0.6	2.1	218.617	0.2	3.0	1.9	2.5	170.6	0.6	7.3	-3.3
May		213.050	0.1	1.4	-1.0	2.0	218.920	0.1	1.7	1.8	2.3	170.6	0.0	0.0	-4.6
Jun		214.558	0.7	8.8	-1.3	3.1	219.265	0.2	1.9	1.7	2.2	173.7	1.8	24.1	-4.3
Jul		214.774	0.1	1.2	-2.0	2.8	219.533	0.1	1.5	1.6	2.1	171.6	-1.2	-13.6	-6.6
Aug		215.566	0.4	4.5	-1.5	3.0	219.687	0.1	0.8	1.4	2.0	174.1	1.5	19.0	-4.3
Sep		215.911	0.2	1.9	-1.3	2.9	220.035	0.2	1.9	1.5	2.0	173.3	-0.5	-5.4	-4.8
Oct		216.357	0.2	2.5	-0.2	2.9	220.459	0.2	2.3	1.7	2.0	173.6	0.2	2.1	-2.1
Nov		216.859	0.2	2.8	1.8	2.9	220.546	0.0	0.5	1.7	1.9	176.6	1.7	22.8	2.5
Dec		217.224	0.2	2.0	2.8	2.8	220.764	0.1	1.2	1.8	1.8	177.3	0.4	4.9	4.7
2010	Jan	217.587	0.2	2.0	2.7	2.0	220.463	-0.1	-1.6	1.5	-1.6	179.8	1.4	18.3	5.0
	Feb	217.591	0.0	0.0	2.2	1.0	220.579	0.1	0.6	1.3	-0.5	178.8	-0.6	-6.5	4.6

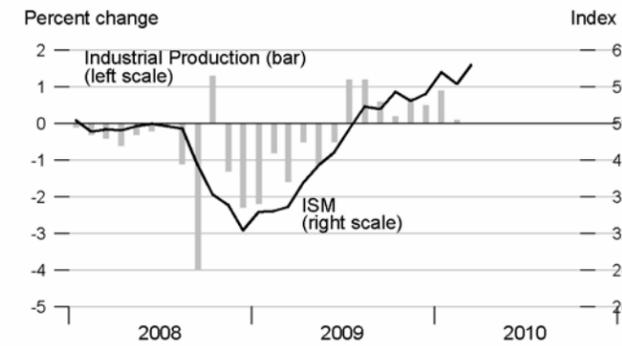
Real Final Sales and GDP



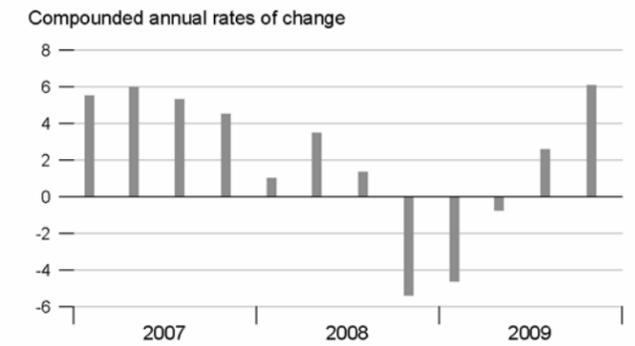
Real GDP Revisions



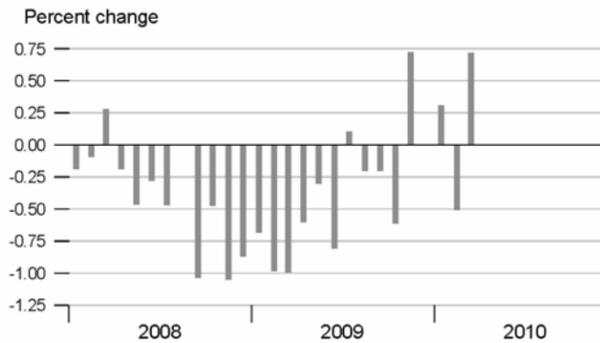
Industrial Production and ISM Index



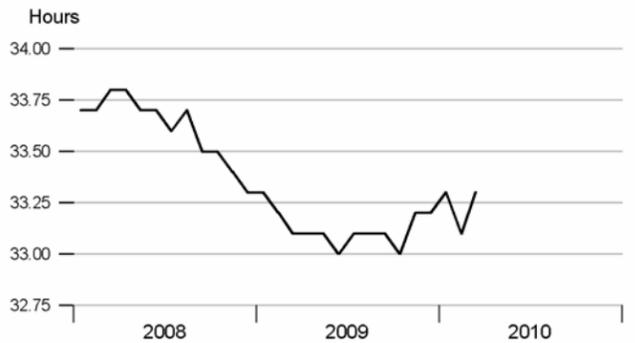
Nominal Gross Domestic Product



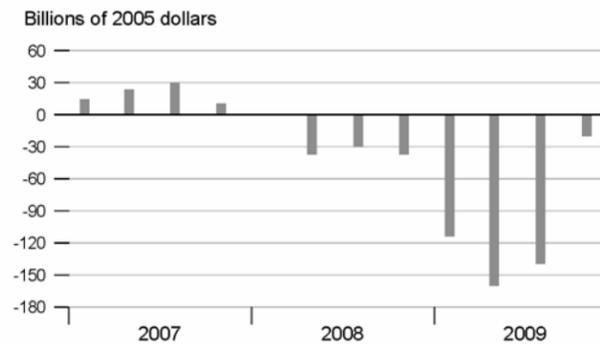
Aggregate Private Nonfarm Hours



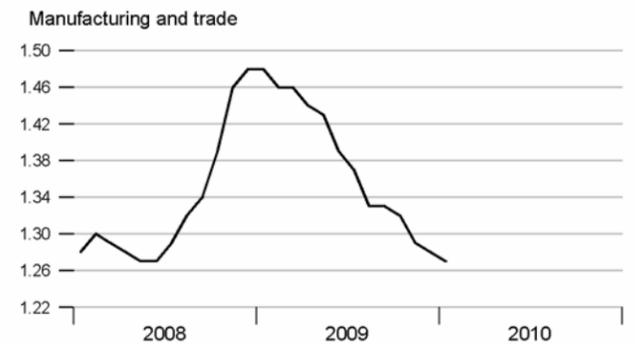
Average Weekly Private Nonfarm Hours



Real Change in Private Inventories

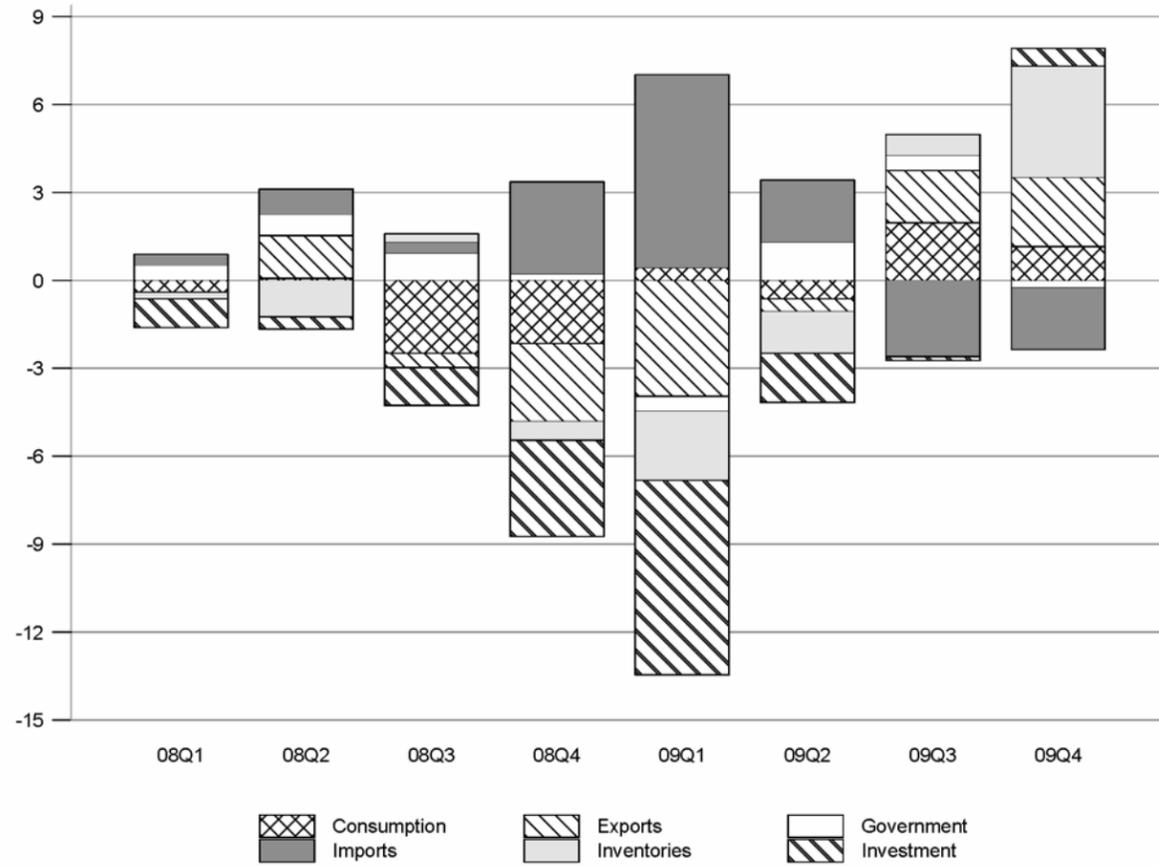


Inventory-Sales Ratio



Contribution of Components to Real GDP Growth

Percentage points at compounded annual rates



Contributions to Real GDP Growth Rate

	2008				2009			
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Final Sales	-0.51	2.71	-2.94	-4.73	-4.07	0.68	1.55	1.76
Consumption	-0.39	0.06	-2.49	-2.15	0.44	-0.62	1.96	1.16
Fixed Investment	-0.99	-0.41	-1.30	-3.28	-6.62	-1.68	-0.15	0.61
Nonresidential	0.25	0.19	-0.73	-2.47	-5.29	-1.01	-0.59	0.51
Residential	-1.24	-0.60	-0.57	-0.81	-1.33	-0.67	0.43	0.10
Government	0.51	0.71	0.95	0.24	-0.52	1.33	0.55	-0.26
Federal	0.56	0.55	0.93	0.49	-0.33	0.85	0.62	0.01
State and Local	-0.05	0.15	0.01	-0.25	-0.19	0.48	-0.08	-0.27
Net Exports	0.36	2.35	-0.10	0.45	2.64	1.65	-0.81	0.27
Exports	-0.02	1.47	-0.48	-2.67	-3.95	-0.45	1.78	2.36
Imports	0.38	0.88	0.38	3.12	6.58	2.09	-2.59	-2.09
Change in Inventory	-0.21	-1.25	0.26	-0.64	-2.36	-1.42	0.69	3.79
Residual	0.12	0.06	0.07	-0.22	0.02	0.02	0.03	-0.02
Real GDP Growth	-0.72	1.46	-2.68	-5.37	-6.43	-0.74	2.24	5.55

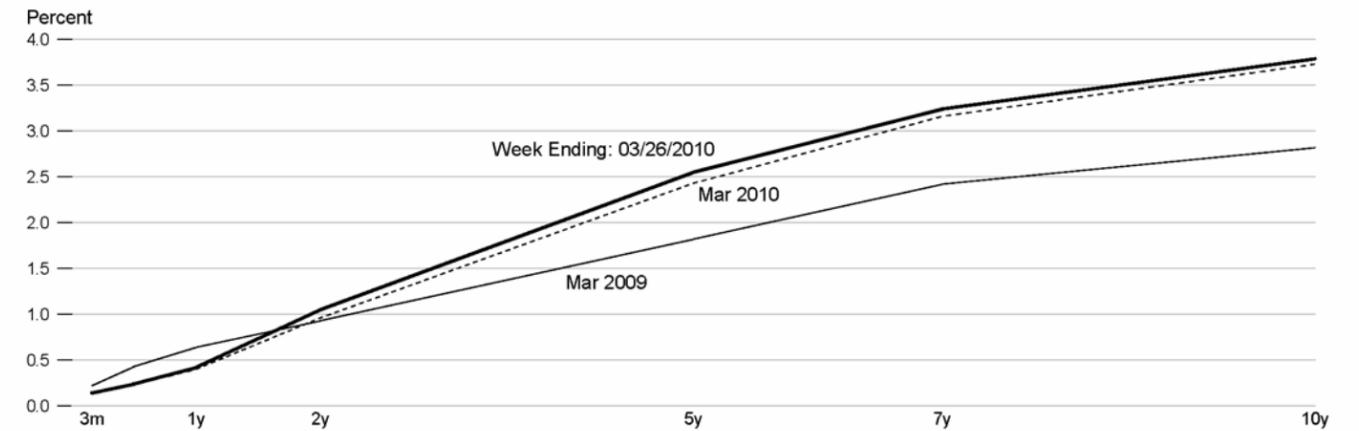
	Unempl. Rate	Retail and Food Services Sales			Industrial Production			Treasury Yields				
		Billions of dollars	Percent change		Index	Percent change		(Percent)				
			Monthly/quarterly	Annual rate	Year ago		Monthly/quarterly	Annual rate	Year ago	3-mo	10-yr	
2005	5.1	4078.223			6.4	107.2289			3.3	3.15	4.29	
2006	4.6	4294.467			5.3	109.6790			2.3	4.73	4.79	
2007	4.6	4435.842			3.3	111.3193			1.5	4.35	4.63	
2008	5.8	4399.659			-0.8	108.8185			-2.2	1.37	3.67	
2009	9.3	4136.053			-6.0	98.2151			-9.7	0.15	3.26	
2008	1	5.0	1124.247	-0.5	-2.0	2.6	112.0106	0.0	0.2	1.4	2.04	3.66
	2	5.3	1128.726	0.4	1.6	2.4	110.7109	-1.2	-4.6	-0.4	1.63	3.89
	3	6.0	1111.269	-1.5	-6.0	0.3	108.1232	-2.3	-9.0	-3.2	1.49	3.86
	4	7.0	1035.417	-6.8	-24.6	-8.4	104.4294	-3.4	-13.0	-6.7	0.30	3.25
2009	1	8.2	1022.023	-1.3	-5.1	-9.1	99.0679	-5.1	-19.0	-11.6	0.21	2.74
	2	9.3	1021.129	-0.1	-0.3	-9.5	96.3971	-2.7	-10.4	-12.9	0.17	3.31
	3	9.6	1036.976	1.6	6.4	-6.7	97.9135	1.6	6.4	-9.4	0.16	3.52
	4	10.0	1055.925	1.8	7.5	2.0	99.4819	1.6	6.6	-4.7	0.06	3.46
2010	1	9.7									0.11	3.72
2008	Mar	5.1	374.845	0.5	5.6	1.8	111.6495	-0.4	-4.1	0.9	1.26	3.51
	Apr	5.0	376.009	0.3	3.8	2.8	111.0012	-0.6	-6.7	-0.0	1.29	3.68
	May	5.4	376.662	0.2	2.1	1.8	110.6820	-0.3	-3.4	-0.4	1.73	3.88
	Jun	5.5	376.055	-0.2	-1.9	2.7	110.4494	-0.2	-2.5	-0.7	1.86	4.10
	Jul	5.8	374.103	-0.5	-6.1	1.7	110.3760	-0.1	-0.8	-1.0	1.63	4.01
	Aug	6.1	371.311	-0.7	-8.6	0.8	109.1570	-1.1	-12.5	-2.2	1.72	3.89
	Sep	6.2	365.855	-1.5	-16.3	-1.7	104.8367	-4.0	-38.4	-6.4	1.13	3.69
	Oct	6.6	354.744	-3.0	-30.9	-5.1	106.1626	1.3	16.3	-4.7	0.67	3.81
	Nov	6.9	345.175	-2.7	-28.0	-9.1	104.7607	-1.3	-14.7	-6.5	0.19	3.53
	Dec	7.4	335.498	-2.8	-28.9	-10.9	102.3650	-2.3	-24.2	-8.9	0.03	2.42
2009	Jan	7.7	340.439	1.5	19.2	-9.5	100.1154	-2.2	-23.4	-10.9	0.13	2.52
	Feb	8.2	342.356	0.6	7.0	-8.2	99.3397	-0.8	-8.9	-11.3	0.30	2.87
	Mar	8.6	339.228	-0.9	-10.4	-9.5	97.7486	-1.6	-17.6	-12.5	0.21	2.82
	Apr	8.9	338.344	-0.3	-3.1	-10.0	97.2344	-0.5	-6.1	-12.4	0.16	2.93
	May	9.4	339.873	0.5	5.6	-9.8	96.2033	-1.1	-12.0	-13.1	0.18	3.29
	Jun	9.5	342.912	0.9	11.3	-8.8	95.7537	-0.5	-5.5	-13.3	0.18	3.72
	Jul	9.4	342.489	-0.1	-1.5	-8.5	96.9493	1.2	16.1	-12.2	0.18	3.56
	Aug	9.7	350.800	2.4	33.3	-5.5	98.1143	1.2	15.4	-10.1	0.17	3.59
	Sep	9.8	343.687	-2.0	-21.8	-6.1	98.6769	0.6	7.1	-5.9	0.12	3.40
	Oct	10.1	347.641	1.2	14.7	-2.0	98.8819	0.2	2.5	-6.9	0.07	3.39
	Nov	10.0	354.467	2.0	26.3	2.7	99.5469	0.7	8.4	-5.0	0.05	3.40
	Dec	10.0	353.817	-0.2	-2.2	5.5	100.0168	0.5	5.8	-2.3	0.05	3.59
2010	Jan	9.7	354.339	0.1	1.8	4.1	100.9088	0.9	11.2	0.8	0.06	3.73
	Feb	9.7	355.546	0.3	4.2	3.9	100.9862	0.1	0.9	1.7	0.11	3.69
	Mar	9.7									0.15	3.73

	Household Survey Employment				Nonfarm Payroll Employment				Nonfarm Aggregate Hours				
	Thousands	Change	Percent change		Thousands	Change	Percent change		Index	Monthly rate	Percent change		
			Annual rate	Year ago			Annual rate	Year ago			Annual rate	Year ago	
2005	141710	2470		1.8	133694	2275		1.7	102.8			2.6	
2006	144414	2704		1.9	136086	2392		1.8	105.8			3.0	
2007	146042	1629		1.1	137588	1503		1.1	107.3			1.4	
2008	145363	-680		-0.5	136777	-812		-0.6	105.9			-1.3	
2009	139881	-5482		-3.8	130911	-5866		-4.3	98.8			-6.7	
2008	1	146253	73	0.2	137897	35	0.1	0.5	107.4	-0.1	-0.2	0.6	
	2	146032	-221	-0.6	137491	-406	-1.2	-0.1	107.0	-0.4	-1.7	-0.5	
	3	145241	-791	-2.2	136700	-791	-2.3	-0.7	105.7	-1.2	-4.5	-1.5	
	4	143924	-1317	-3.6	135019	-1680	-4.8	-2.1	103.5	-2.1	-8.3	-3.8	
2009	1	141587	-2337	-6.3	132814	-2205	-6.4	-3.7	100.8	-2.6	-9.9	-6.2	
	2	140459	-1128	-3.1	131112	-1702	-5.0	-4.6	98.7	-2.1	-8.0	-7.7	
	3	139339	-1120	-3.2	130078	-1035	-3.1	-4.8	98.0	-0.7	-2.9	-7.3	
	4	138138	-1201	-3.4	129639	-438	-1.3	-4.0	97.7	-0.3	-1.4	-5.6	
2010	1	138626	488	1.4	129647	7	0.0	-2.4	98.1	0.4	1.8	-2.7	
2008	Mar	146173	8	0.1	137858	-33	-0.3	0.3	107.6	0.3	3.4	0.4	
	Apr	146306	133	1.1	137709	-149	-1.3	0.2	107.4	-0.2	-2.2	0.1	
	May	146023	-283	-2.3	137478	-231	-2.0	-0.1	106.9	-0.5	-5.4	-0.6	
	Jun	145768	-255	-2.1	137285	-193	-1.7	-0.3	106.6	-0.3	-3.3	-0.9	
	Jul	145515	-253	-2.1	137075	-210	-1.8	-0.4	106.1	-0.5	-5.5	-1.2	
	Aug	145187	-328	-2.7	136741	-334	-2.9	-0.6	106.1	0.0	0.0	-1.1	
	Sep	145021	-166	-1.4	136283	-458	-3.9	-1.0	105.0	-1.0	-11.8	-2.1	
	Oct	144677	-344	-2.8	135729	-554	-4.8	-1.5	104.5	-0.5	-5.6	-2.7	
	Nov	143907	-770	-6.2	135001	-728	-6.2	-2.1	103.4	-1.1	-11.9	-3.8	
	Dec	143188	-719	-5.8	134328	-673	-5.8	-2.6	102.5	-0.9	-10.0	-4.7	
	2009	Jan	142221	-967	-7.8	133549	-779	-6.7	-3.2	101.8	-0.7	-7.9	-5.2
		Feb	141687	-534	-4.4	132823	-726	-6.3	-3.7	100.8	-1.0	-11.2	-6.1
Mar		140854	-833	-6.8	132070	-753	-6.6	-4.2	99.8	-1.0	-11.3	-7.2	
Apr		140902	48	0.4	131542	-528	-4.7	-4.5	99.2	-0.6	-7.0	-7.6	
May		140438	-464	-3.9	131155	-387	-3.5	-4.6	98.9	-0.3	-3.6	-7.5	
Jun		140038	-400	-3.4	130640	-515	-4.6	-4.8	98.1	-0.8	-9.3	-8.0	
Jul		139817	-221	-1.9	130294	-346	-3.1	-4.9	98.2	0.1	1.2	-7.4	
Aug		139433	-384	-3.2	130082	-212	-1.9	-4.9	98.0	-0.2	-2.4	-7.6	
Sep		138768	-665	-5.6	129857	-225	-2.1	-4.7	97.8	-0.2	-2.4	-6.9	
Oct		138242	-526	-4.5	129633	-224	-2.1	-4.5	97.2	-0.6	-7.1	-7.0	
Nov		138381	139	1.2	129697	64	0.6	-3.9	97.9	0.7	9.0	-5.3	
Dec		137792	-589	-5.0	129588	-109	-1.0	-3.5	97.9	0.0	0.0	-4.5	
2010	Jan	138333	541	4.8	129602	14	0.1	-3.0	98.2	0.3	3.7	-3.5	
	Feb	138641	308	2.7	129588	-14	-0.1	-2.4	97.7	-0.5	-5.9	-3.1	
	Mar	138905	264	2.3	129750	162	1.5	-1.8	98.4	0.7	8.9	-1.4	

Interest Rates



Treasury Yield Curve

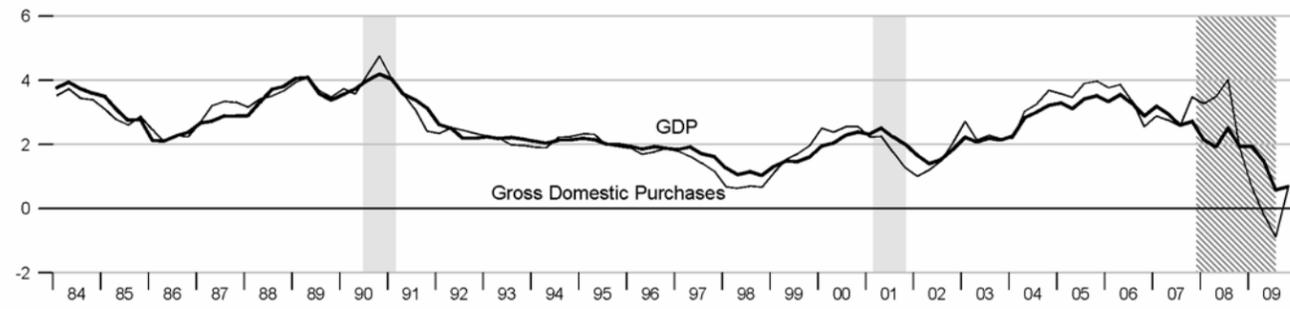


Standard and Poor's 500 Index with Reinvested Dividends



NIPA Chain Price Indexes

Percent change from year ago



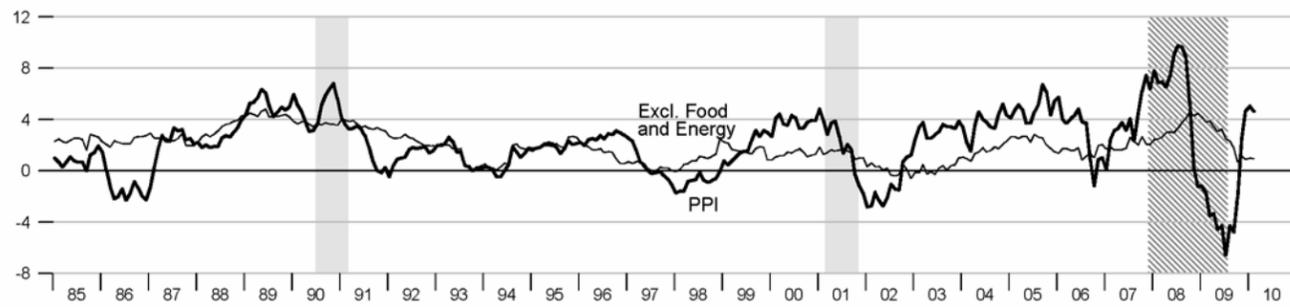
Consumer Price Index

Percent change from year ago



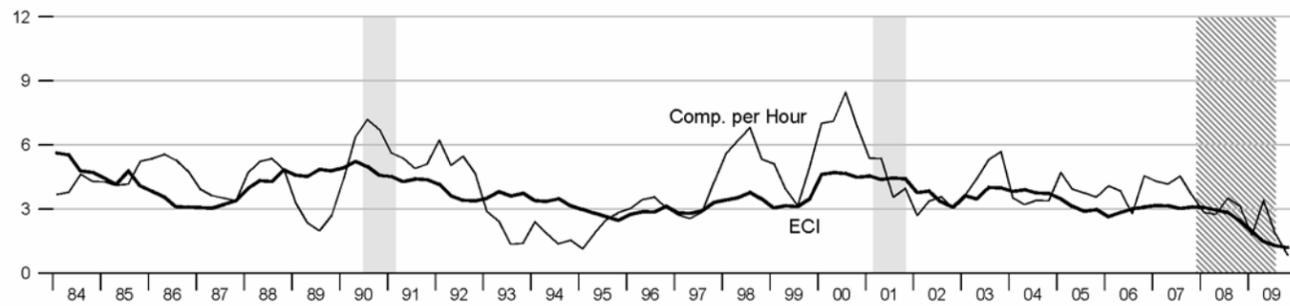
Producer Price Index, Finished Goods

Percent change from year ago



Employment Cost Index and Compensation per Hour

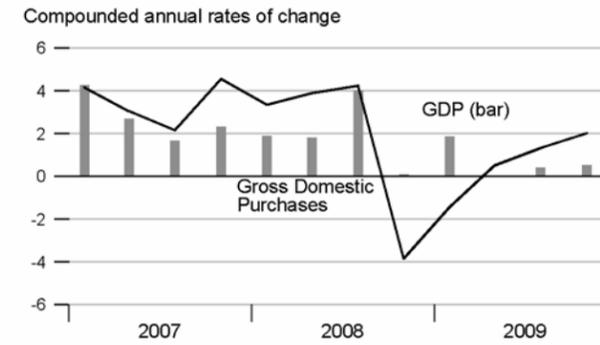
Percent change from year ago



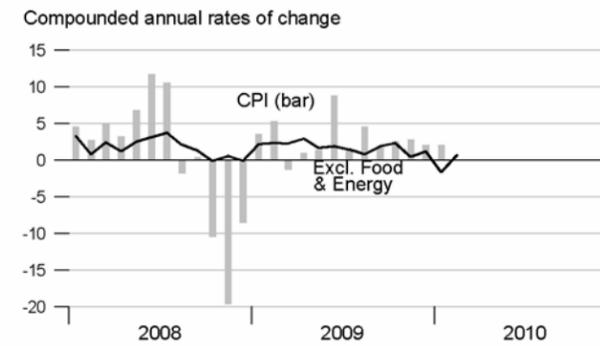
	GDP Chain Price Index			Employment Cost Index			ECI: Wages			ECI: Benefits			
	Index	Percent change		Index	Percent change		Index	Percent change		Index	Percent change		
		Annual rate	Year ago		Annual rate	Year ago		Annual rate	Year ago		Annual rate	Year ago	
2006	103.263		3.3	102.1		2.9	102.1		2.9	102.1		2.9	
2007	106.221		2.9	105.2		3.1	105.5		3.4	104.5		2.4	
2008	108.481		2.1	108.2		2.8	108.7		3.0	107.2		2.6	
2009	109.745		1.2	109.8		1.5	110.3		1.5	108.5		1.2	
2006 1	102.071	3.0	3.3	100.8	2.4	2.6	100.8	2.8	2.5	100.8	2.0	2.9	
2	102.980	3.6	3.6	101.6	3.2	2.8	101.6	3.2	2.8	101.6	3.2	2.8	
3	103.763	3.1	3.3	102.5	3.6	3.0	102.5	3.6	3.1	102.5	3.6	2.8	
4	104.237	1.8	2.9	103.3	3.2	3.1	103.3	3.2	3.2	103.4	3.6	3.1	
2007 1	105.327	4.2	3.2	104.0	2.7	3.2	104.3	3.9	3.5	103.1	-1.2	2.3	
2	106.026	2.7	3.0	104.8	3.1	3.1	105.0	2.7	3.3	104.2	4.3	2.6	
3	106.460	1.6	2.6	105.6	3.1	3.0	105.9	3.5	3.3	104.9	2.7	2.3	
4	107.072	2.3	2.7	106.5	3.5	3.1	106.7	3.1	3.3	105.9	3.9	2.4	
2008 1	107.577	1.9	2.1	107.2	2.7	3.1	107.6	3.4	3.2	106.5	2.3	3.3	
2	108.061	1.8	1.9	107.9	2.6	3.0	108.4	3.0	3.2	106.9	1.5	2.6	
3	109.130	4.0	2.5	108.6	2.6	2.8	109.1	2.6	3.0	107.5	2.3	2.5	
4	109.155	0.1	1.9	109.1	1.9	2.4	109.6	1.8	2.7	107.9	1.5	1.9	
2009 1	109.661	1.9	1.9	109.3	0.7	2.0	109.8	0.7	2.0	108.1	0.7	1.5	
2	109.656	-0.0	1.5	109.5	0.7	1.5	110.0	0.7	1.5	108.3	0.7	1.3	
3	109.763	0.4	0.6	110.0	1.8	1.3	110.5	1.8	1.3	108.6	1.1	1.0	
4	109.902	0.5	0.7	110.4	1.5	1.2	111.0	1.8	1.3	109.0	1.5	1.0	
		Exports			Imports			Nonfarm Output per Hour			Nonfarm Compensation per Hour		
		Percent change			Percent change			Percent change			Percent change		
	Billions of 2005 \$	Annual rate	Year ago	Billions of 2005 \$	Annual rate	Year ago	Index	Annual rate	Year ago	Index	Annual rate	Year ago	
2006	1422.020		9.0	2151.204		6.1	137.549		1.0	169.027		3.8	
2007	1546.124		8.7	2193.827		2.0	140.071		1.8	176.052		4.2	
2008	1629.262		5.4	2123.523		-3.2	142.933		2.0	181.418		3.0	
2009	1472.404		-9.6	1827.971		-13.9	148.323		3.8	184.976		2.0	
2006 1	1388.773	16.5	8.8	2121.325	7.8	6.5	137.545	2.7	1.2	167.138	5.3	4.1	
2	1412.067	6.9	8.3	2144.880	4.5	6.6	137.651	0.3	1.5	167.892	1.8	3.9	
3	1414.069	0.6	8.5	2170.548	4.9	7.2	137.002	-1.9	0.2	168.555	1.6	2.8	
4	1473.171	17.8	10.2	2168.061	-0.5	4.1	137.999	2.9	1.0	172.499	9.7	4.5	
2007 1	1485.881	3.5	7.0	2190.837	4.3	3.3	138.307	0.9	0.6	174.315	4.3	4.3	
2	1504.758	5.2	6.6	2188.125	-0.5	2.0	139.046	2.2	1.0	174.904	1.4	4.2	
3	1569.896	18.5	11.0	2208.336	3.7	1.7	140.972	5.7	2.9	176.201	3.0	4.5	
4	1623.961	14.5	10.2	2188.007	-3.6	0.9	141.971	2.9	2.9	178.792	6.0	3.6	
2008 1	1623.423	-0.1	9.3	2174.293	-2.5	-0.8	141.782	-0.5	2.5	179.273	1.1	2.8	
2	1670.431	12.1	11.0	2146.478	-5.0	-1.9	142.821	3.0	2.7	179.746	1.1	2.8	
3	1655.183	-3.6	5.4	2134.428	-2.2	-3.3	143.200	1.1	1.6	182.393	6.0	3.5	
4	1568.010	-19.5	-3.4	2038.891	-16.7	-6.8	143.994	2.2	1.4	184.401	4.5	3.1	
2009 1	1434.549	-29.9	-11.6	1821.043	-36.4	-16.2	144.333	0.9	1.8	182.457	-4.2	1.8	
2	1419.458	-4.1	-15.0	1749.826	-14.7	-18.5	146.994	7.6	2.9	185.862	7.7	3.4	
3	1478.825	17.8	-10.7	1836.247	21.3	-14.0	149.796	7.8	4.6	185.696	-0.4	1.8	
4	1556.783	22.8	-0.7	1904.768	15.8	-6.6	152.317	6.9	5.8	185.963	0.6	0.8	

	Nominal GDP			Real GDP			Final Sales			Change in Private Inventories		
	Billions of \$	Percent change		Billions of 2005 \$	Percent change		Billions of 2005 \$	Percent change		Billions of 2005 \$		
		Annual rate	Year ago		Annual rate	Year ago		Annual rate	Year ago	Last qtr	Year/Year ago	
2006	13398.9	6.0		12976.249	2.7		12917.095	2.6		59.423		
2007	14077.6	5.1		13254.059	2.1		13234.346	2.5		19.469		
2008	14441.4	2.6		13312.163	0.4		13341.170	0.8		-25.889		
2009	14256.3	-1.3		12987.375	-2.4		13110.660	-1.7		-108.238		
2006 1	13183.5	8.6	6.5	12915.938	5.4	3.0	12851.310	5.9	3.3	65.813	43.548	
2	13347.8	5.1	6.6	12962.462	1.4	3.0	12890.967	1.2	2.5	72.544	57.799	
3	13452.9	3.2	5.6	12965.916	0.1	2.2	12898.340	0.2	1.8	67.510	71.724	
4	13611.5	4.8	5.4	13060.679	3.0	2.4	13027.762	4.1	2.8	31.825	59.423	
2007 1	13795.6	5.5	4.6	13099.901	1.2	1.4	13086.383	1.8	1.8	14.463	46.586	
2	13997.2	6.0	4.9	13203.977	3.2	1.9	13179.586	2.9	2.2	23.297	34.274	
3	14179.9	5.3	5.4	13321.109	3.6	2.7	13290.306	3.4	3.0	29.797	24.846	
4	14337.9	4.5	5.3	13391.249	2.1	2.5	13381.108	2.8	2.7	10.321	19.470	
2008 1	14373.9	1.0	4.2	13366.865	-0.7	2.0	13363.488	-0.5	2.1	0.619	16.009	
2	14497.8	3.5	3.6	13415.266	1.5	1.6	13453.465	2.7	2.1	-37.091	0.912	
3	14546.7	1.4	2.6	13324.600	-2.7	0.0	13354.251	-2.9	0.5	-29.706	-13.964	
4	14347.3	-5.4	0.1	13141.920	-5.4	-1.9	13193.476	-4.7	-1.4	-37.380	-25.890	
2009 1	14178.0	-4.6	-1.4	12925.410	-6.4	-3.3	13055.782	-4.1	-2.3	-113.893	-54.518	
2	14151.2	-0.8	-2.4	12901.504	-0.7	-3.8	13077.807	0.7	-2.8	-160.215	-85.299	
3	14242.1	2.6	-2.1	12973.045	2.2	-2.6	13127.159	1.5	-1.7	-139.169	-112.664	
4	14453.8	6.1	0.7	13149.541	5.6	0.1	13181.894	1.7	-0.1	-19.673	-108.238	
	Consumption			Durables Consumption			Private Fixed Investment			Nonresidential Fixed Investment		
	Billions of 2005 \$	Percent change		Billions of 2005 \$	Percent change		Billions of 2005 \$	Percent change		Billions of 2005 \$	Percent change	
		Annual rate	Year ago		Annual rate	Year ago		Annual rate	Year ago		Annual rate	Year ago
2006	9073.500	2.9		1150.416	4.1		2171.281	2.3		1453.944	7.9	
2007	9313.943	2.6		1199.936	4.3		2126.279	-2.1		1544.262	6.2	
2008	9290.883	-0.2		1146.310	-4.5		2018.406	-5.1		1569.657	1.6	
2009	9235.077	-0.6		1101.360	-3.9		1648.163	-18.3		1290.998	-17.8	
2006 1	8986.625	4.5	3.1	1142.277	17.0	5.4	2200.168	9.5	5.8	1424.916	18.0	7.8
2	9035.047	2.2	2.6	1139.363	-1.0	2.3	2189.898	-1.9	3.5	1450.307	7.3	8.2
3	9090.711	2.5	2.5	1152.103	4.5	2.3	2162.182	-5.0	0.9	1466.035	4.4	7.8
4	9181.617	4.1	3.3	1167.921	5.6	6.3	2132.875	-5.3	-0.8	1474.517	2.3	7.8
2007 1	9265.135	3.7	3.1	1183.693	5.5	3.6	2118.841	-2.6	-3.7	1489.617	4.2	4.5
2	9291.499	1.1	2.8	1189.884	2.1	4.4	2137.687	3.6	-2.4	1530.277	11.4	5.5
3	9335.583	1.9	2.7	1204.996	5.2	4.6	2135.557	-0.4	-1.2	1565.843	9.6	6.8
4	9363.555	1.2	2.0	1221.172	5.5	4.6	2113.032	-4.2	-0.9	1591.313	6.7	7.9
2008 1	9349.565	-0.6	0.9	1193.169	-8.9	0.8	2079.181	-6.3	-1.9	1598.923	1.9	7.3
2	9350.972	0.1	0.6	1175.732	-5.7	-1.2	2064.783	-2.7	-3.4	1604.432	1.4	4.8
3	9267.708	-3.5	-0.7	1139.580	-11.7	-5.4	2020.376	-8.3	-5.4	1579.202	-6.1	0.9
4	9195.287	-3.1	-1.8	1076.759	-20.3	-11.8	1909.282	-20.2	-9.6	1496.070	-19.5	-6.0
2009 1	9209.213	0.6	-1.5	1087.201	3.9	-8.9	1687.499	-39.0	-18.8	1321.199	-39.2	-17.4
2	9189.042	-0.9	-1.7	1071.746	-5.6	-8.8	1631.918	-12.5	-21.0	1288.355	-9.6	-19.7
3	9252.587	2.8	-0.2	1122.748	20.4	-1.5	1626.662	-1.3	-19.5	1268.950	-5.9	-19.6
4	9289.465	1.6	1.0	1123.743	0.4	4.4	1646.571	5.0	-13.8	1285.487	5.3	-14.1

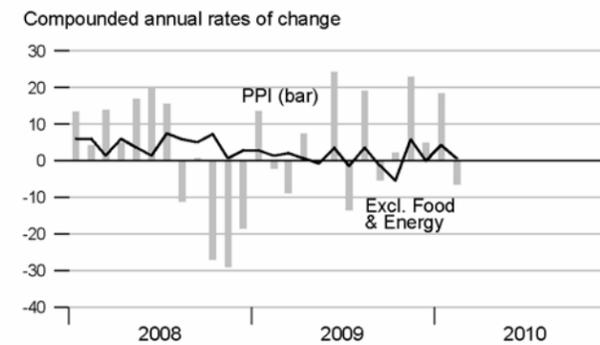
NIPA Chain Price Indexes



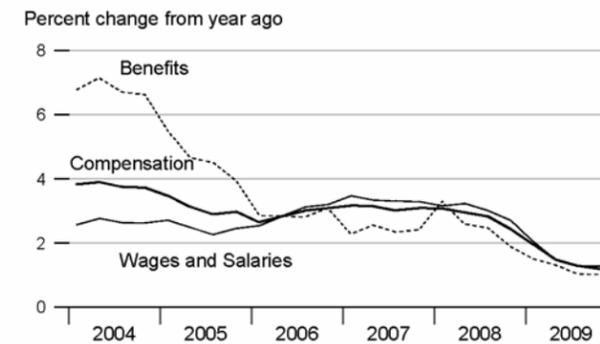
Consumer Price Index



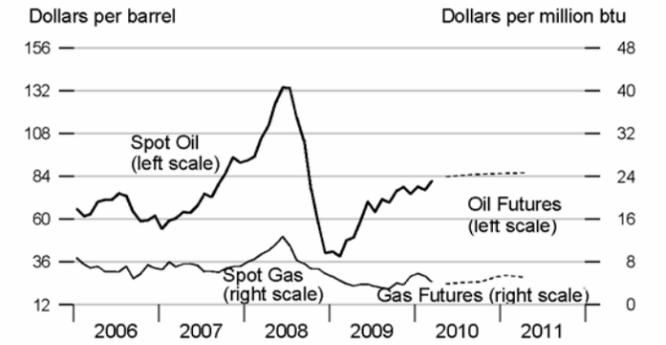
Producer Price Index, Finished Goods



Employment Cost Index

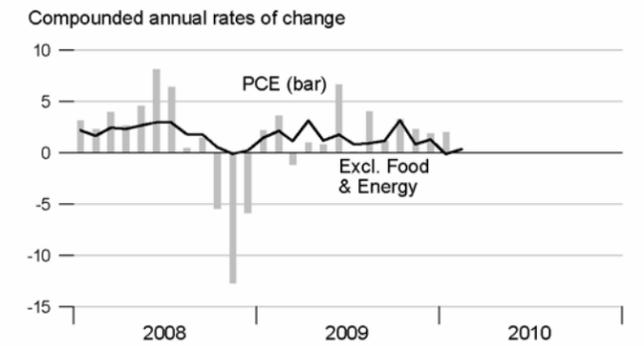


Oil & Natural Gas Prices: Spot & Futures

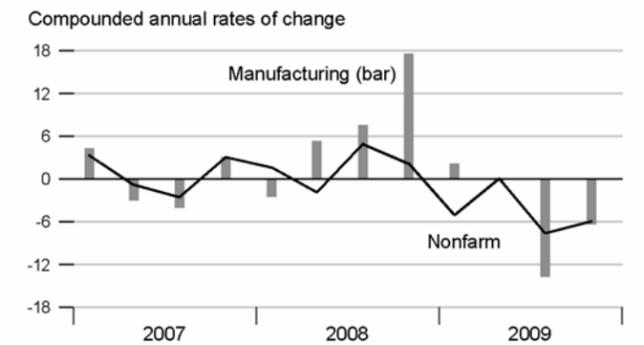


Note: Futures prices as of 3/31/2010.

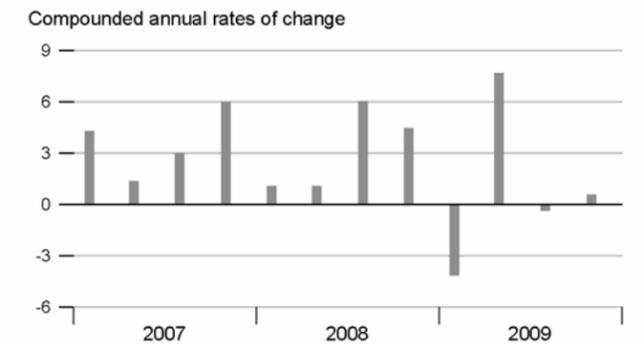
Consumption Chain Price Index



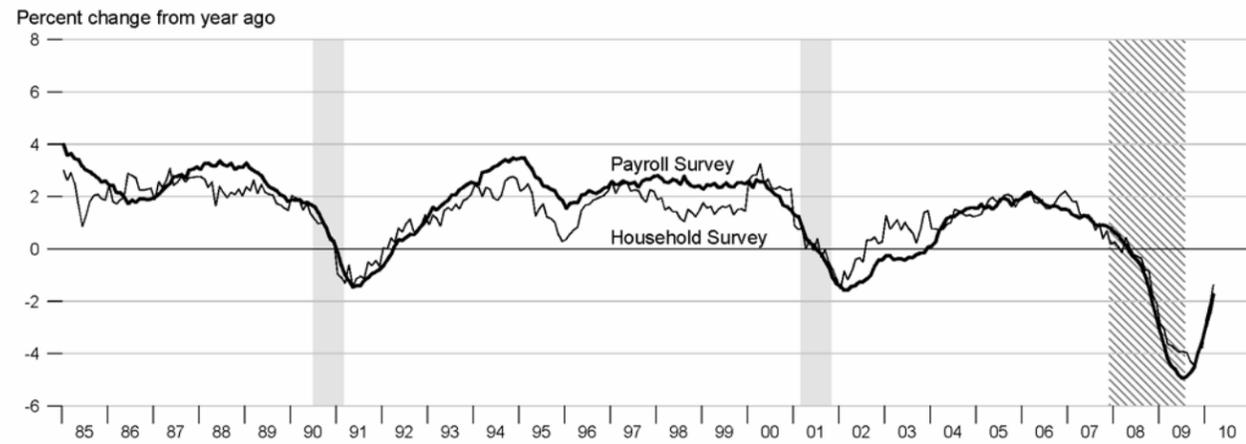
Unit Labor Cost



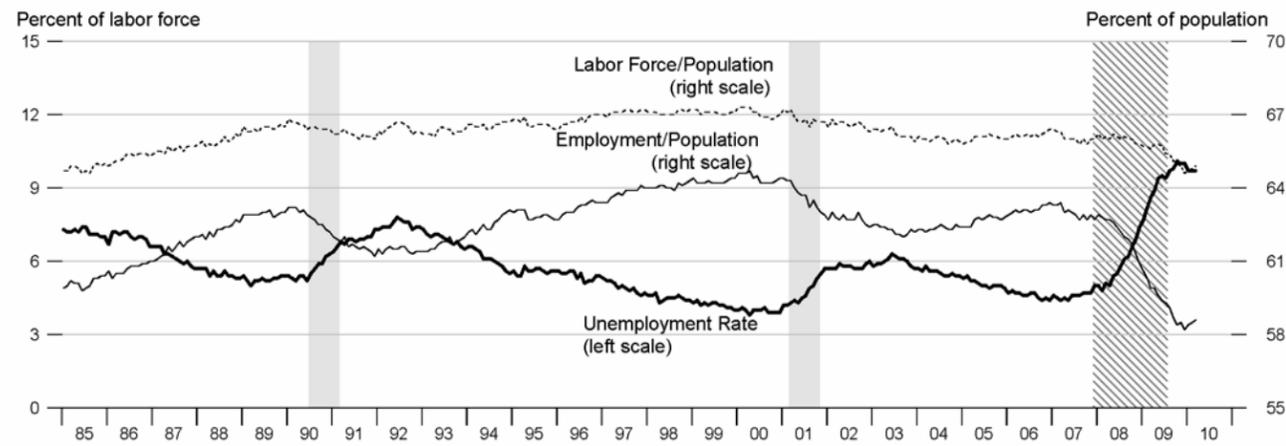
Compensation per Hour



Employment



Unemployment, Labor Force Participation, and Employment Rates

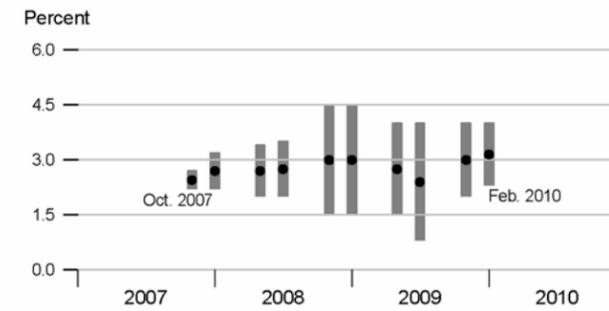


Duration of Unemployment

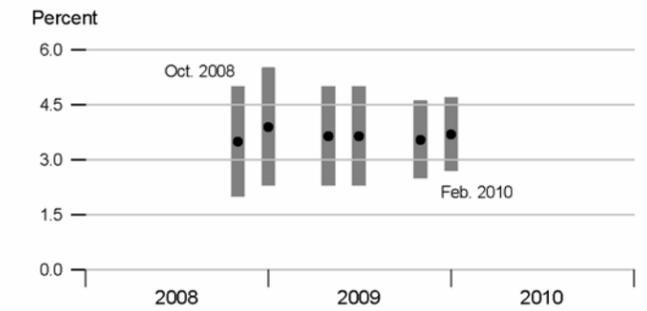


FOMC Quarterly Projections for 2010 and 2011: A Timeline

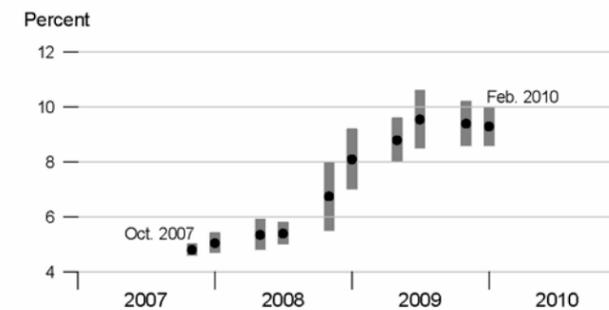
Change in Real GDP for 2010



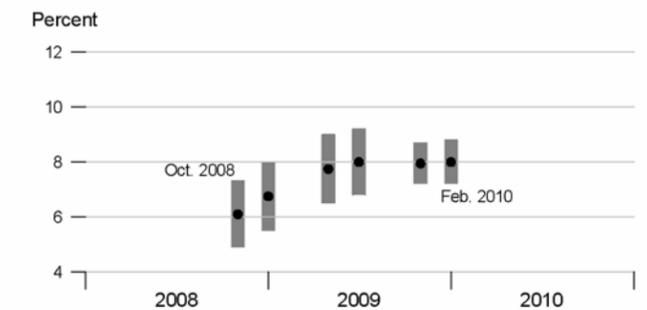
Change in Real GDP for 2011



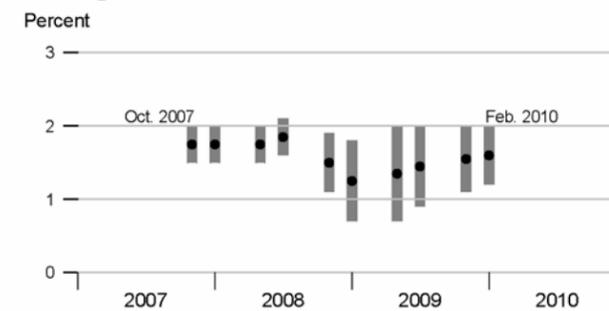
Unemployment Rate for 2010 (Q4)



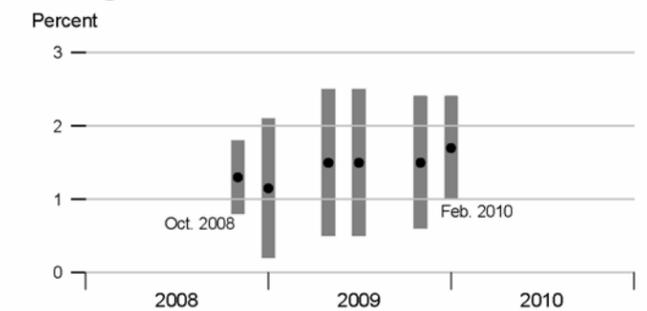
Unemployment Rate for 2011 (Q4)



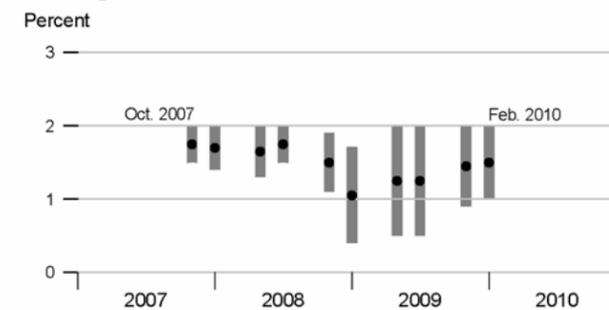
Change in PCE Price Index for 2010



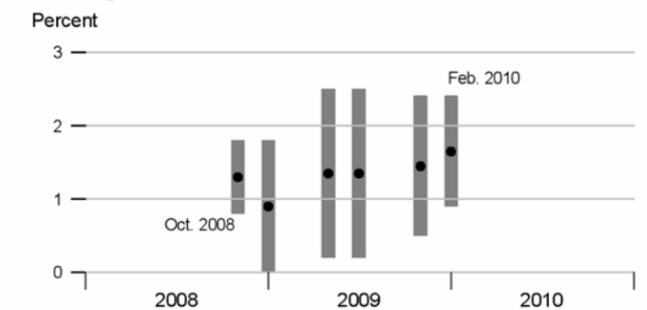
Change in PCE Price Index for 2011



Change in PCE Core Price Index for 2010

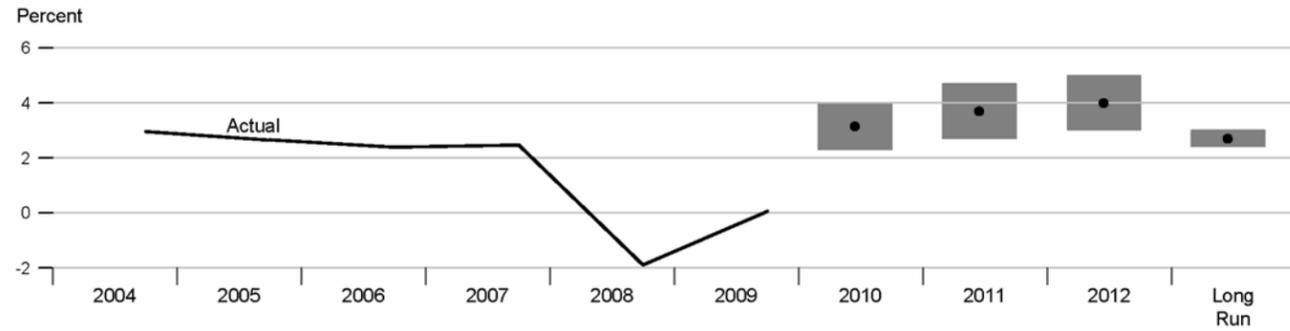


Change in PCE Core Price Index for 2011

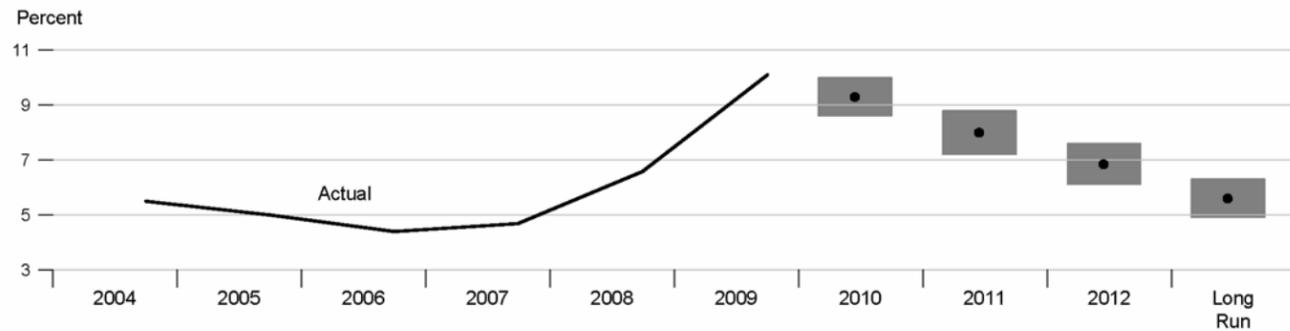


February 2010 FOMC Projections

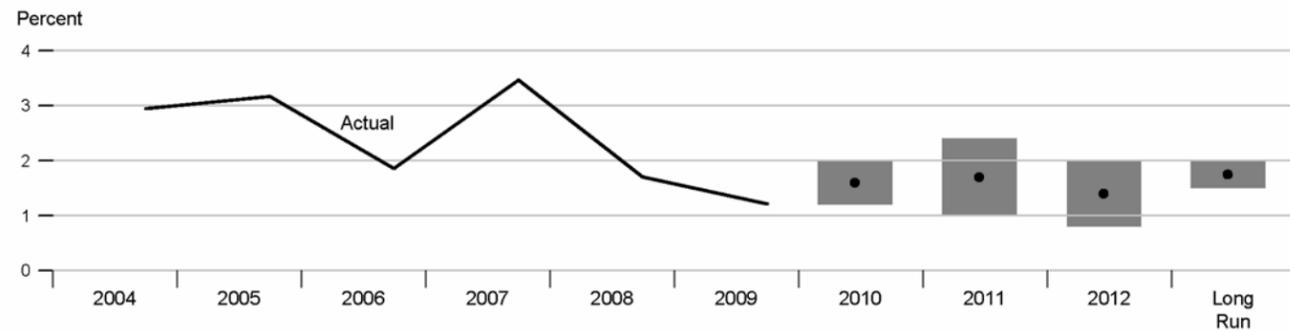
Change in Real GDP (Q4/Q4)



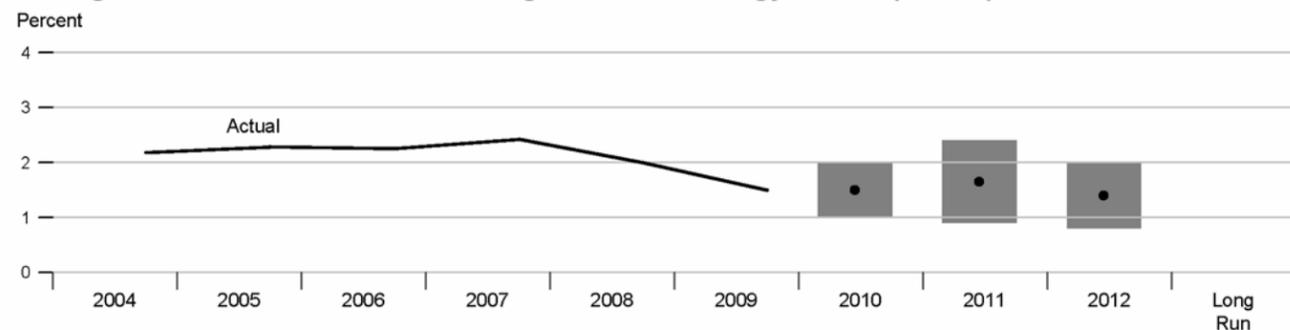
Unemployment Rate (Q4)



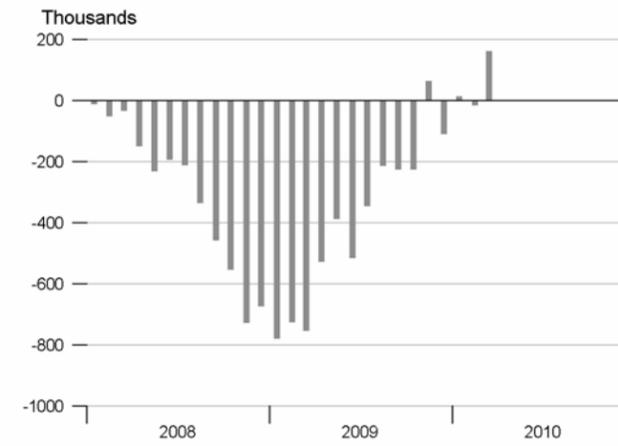
Change in PCE Price Index (Q4/Q4)



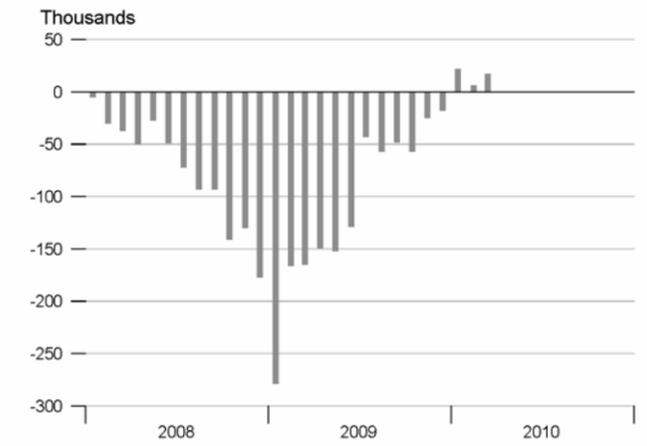
Change in PCE Price Index Excluding Food and Energy Prices (Q4/Q4)



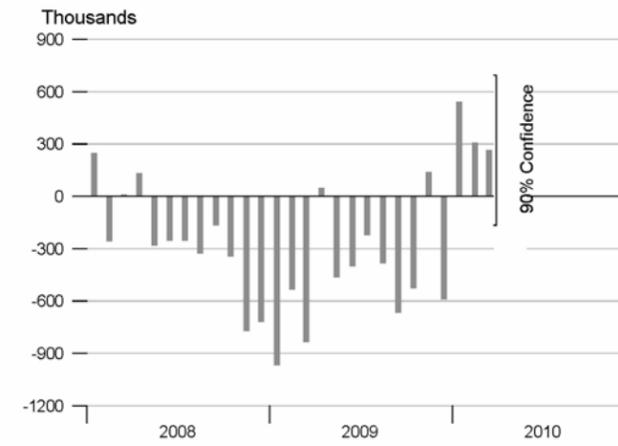
Change in Nonfarm Payrolls



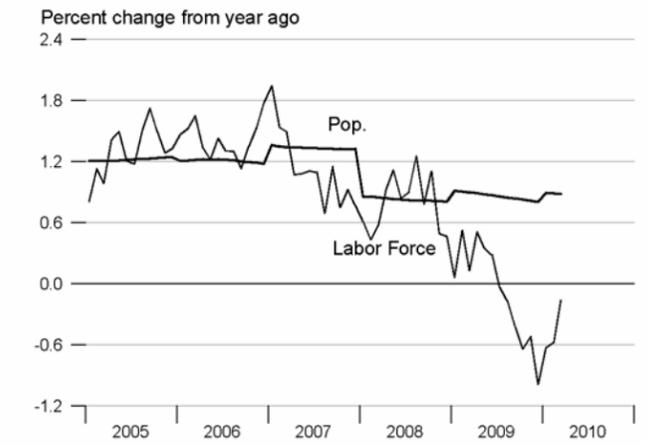
Change in Manufacturing Payrolls



Change in Household Employment



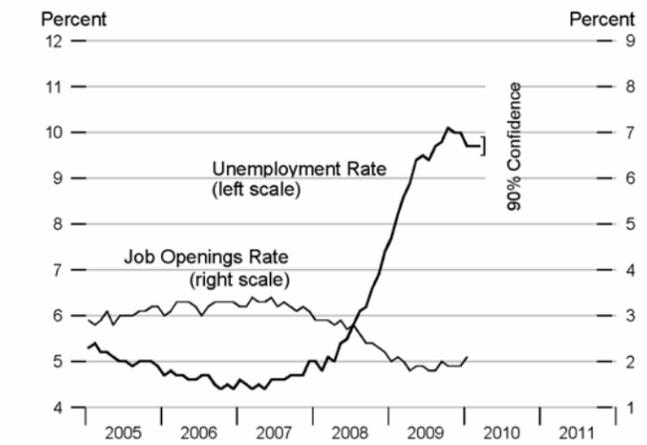
Labor Force and Population



Available Labor Supply and Components

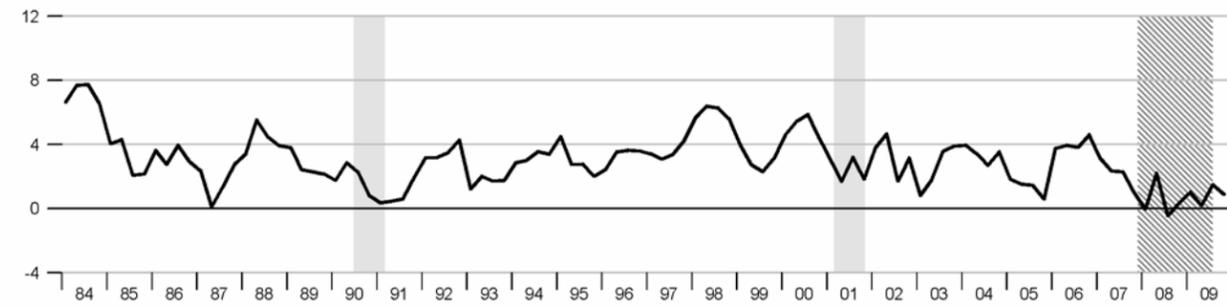


Unemployment Rate & Job Openings Rate



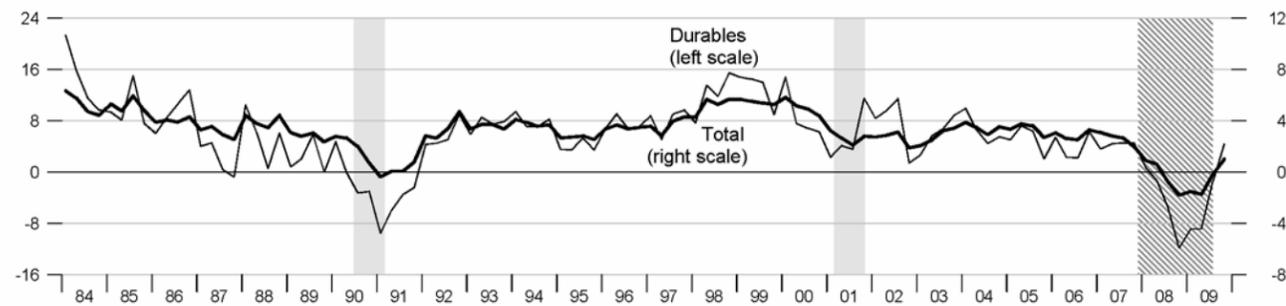
Real Disposable Personal Income

Percent change from year ago, quarterly data



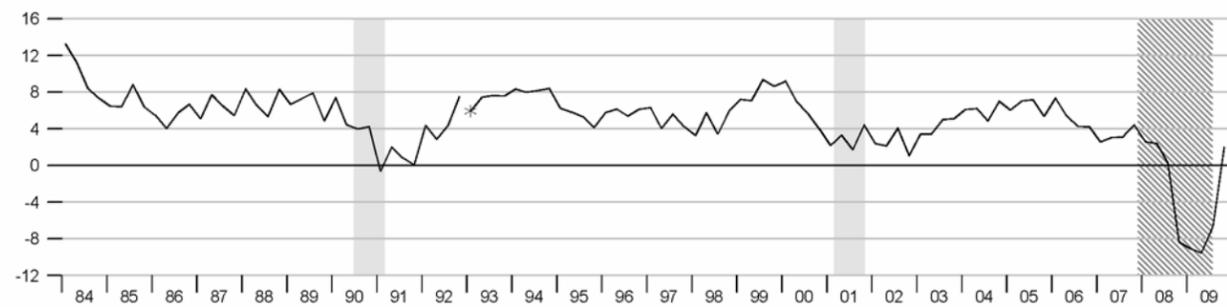
Real Consumption

Percent change from year ago, quarterly data



Retail and Food Services Sales

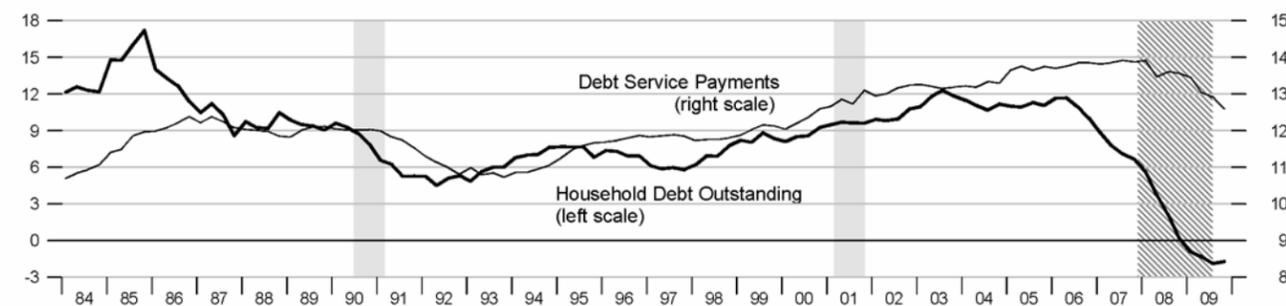
Percent change from year ago, quarterly average



*Data from Jan. 1992 to the present are on a NAICS basis; data prior to Jan. 1992 are on an SIC basis and are not strictly comparable (see End Note).

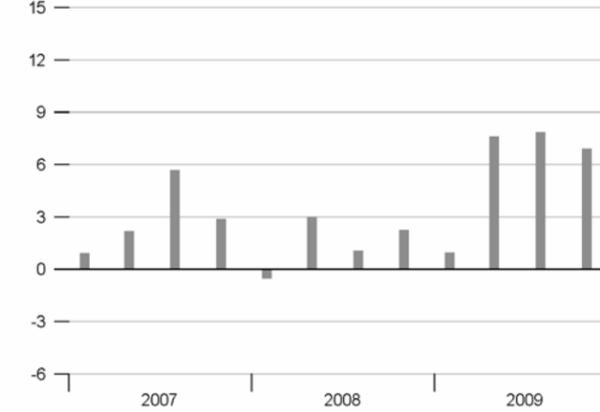
Debt Service Payments and Household Debt Outstanding

Percent change from year ago, quarterly data



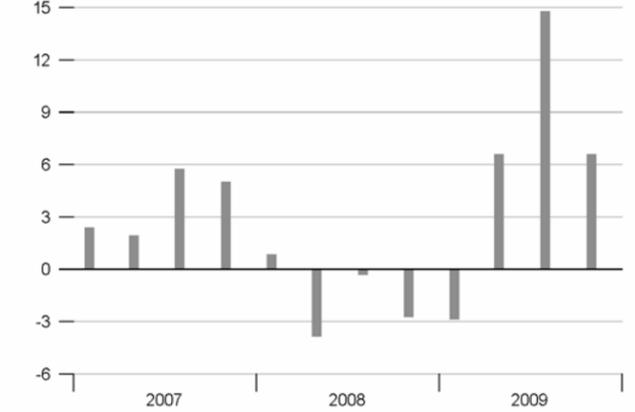
Nonfarm Output per Hour

Compounded annual rates of change

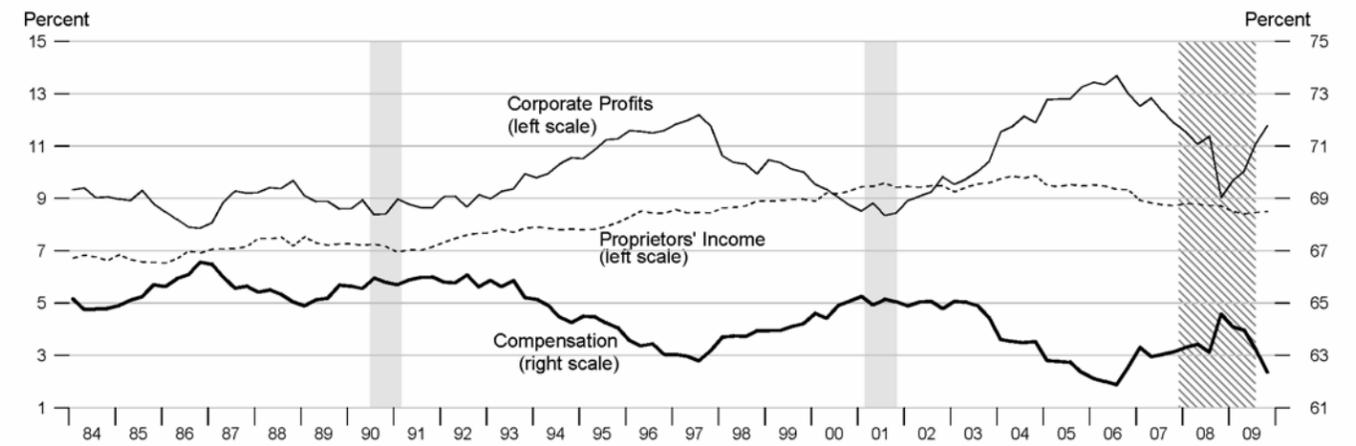


Manufacturing Output per Hour

Compounded annual rates of change

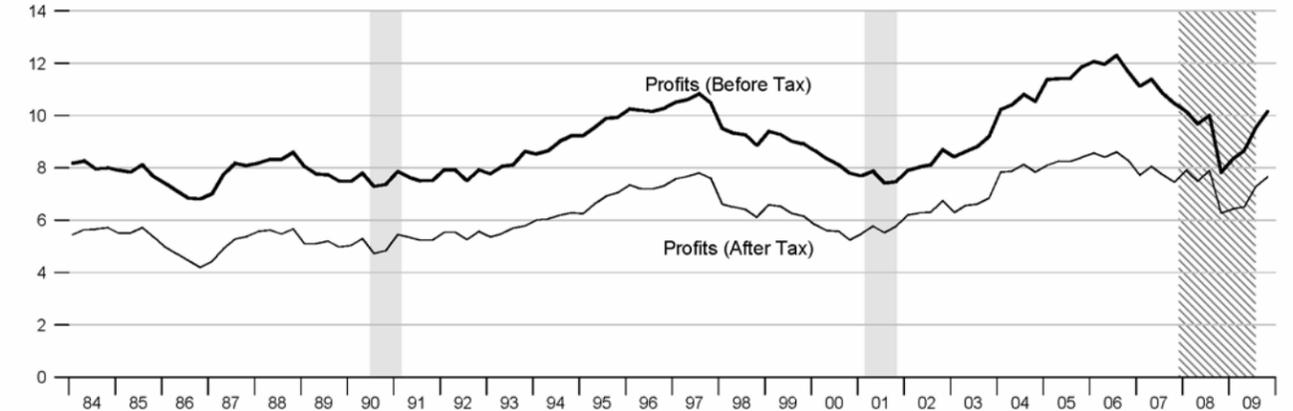


Selected Component Shares of National Income

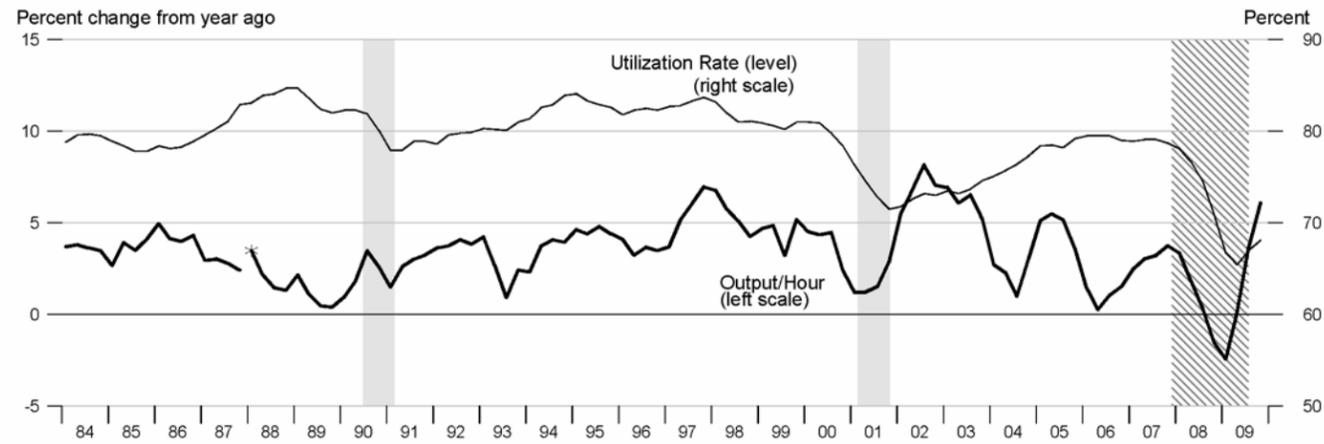


Corporate Profits

Percent of GDP

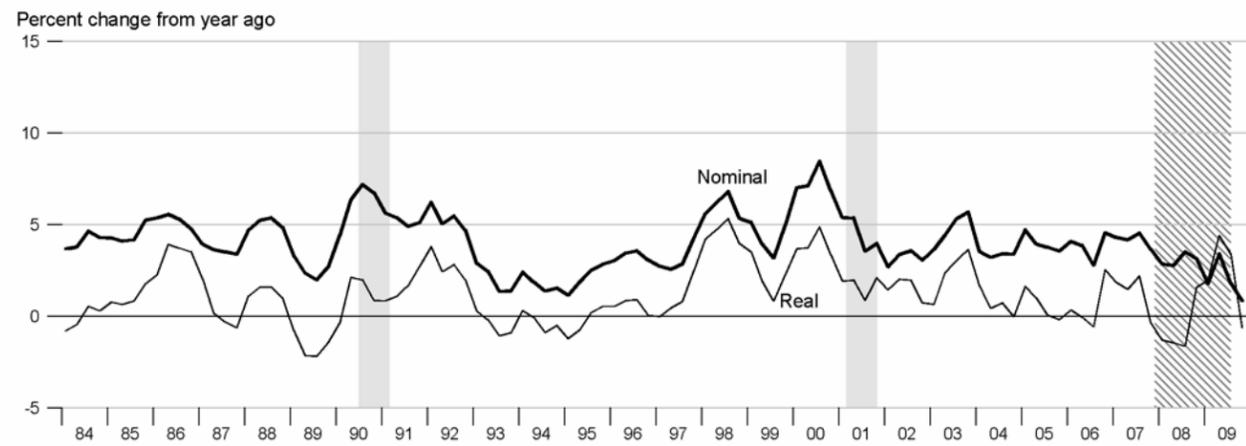


Output per Hour and Capacity Utilization, Manufacturing

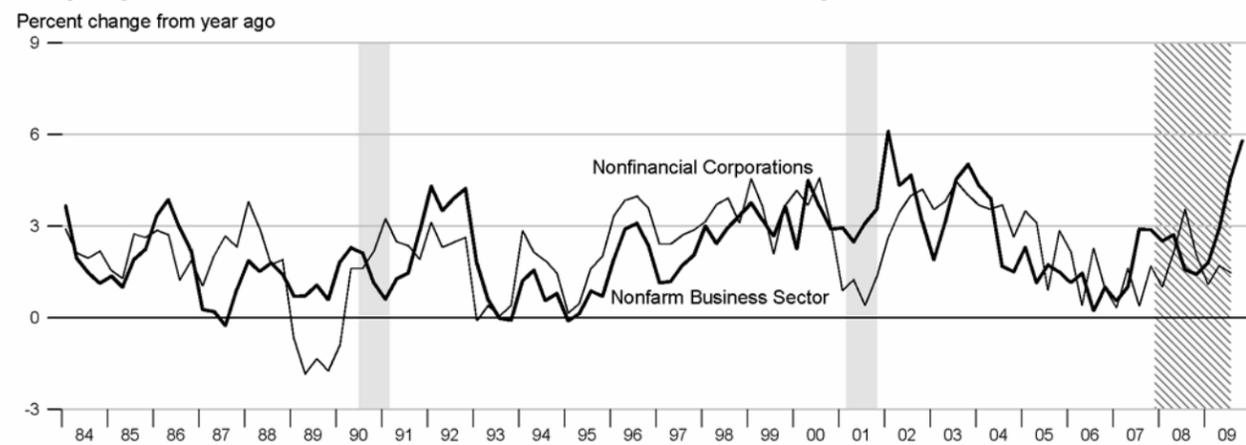


*Data from 1987 to the present are on a NAICS basis; data prior to 1987 are on an SIC basis and are not strictly comparable (see End Note).

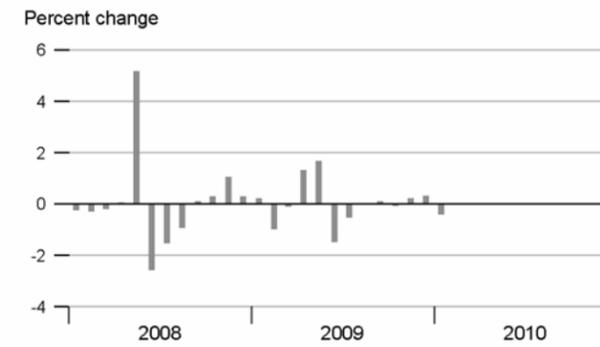
Nonfarm Compensation per Hour



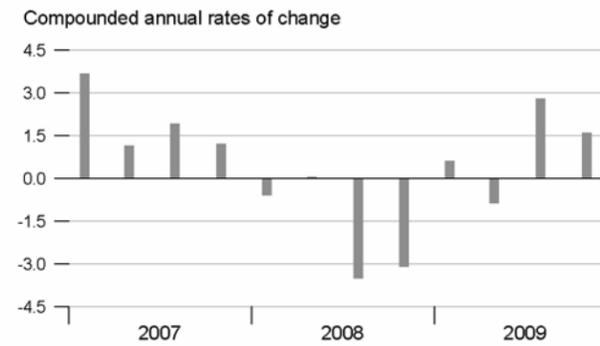
Output per Hour, Nonfarm Business and Nonfinancial Corporations



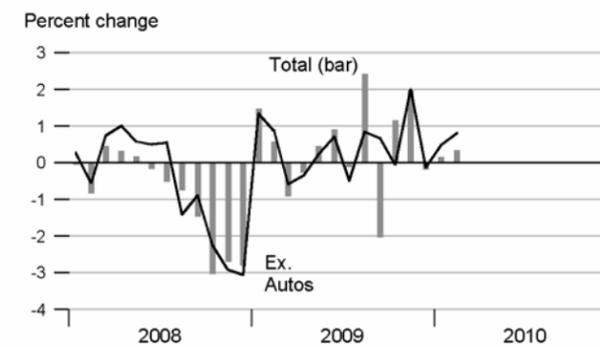
Real Disposable Personal Income



Real Consumption



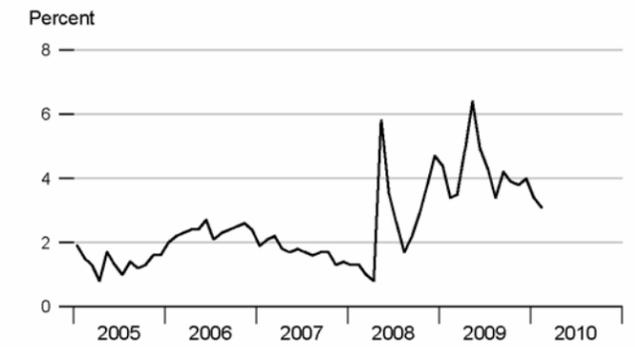
Retail & Food Services



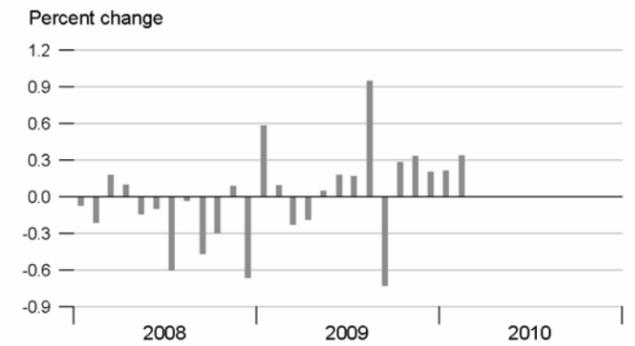
Consumer Sentiment (U. of Michigan)



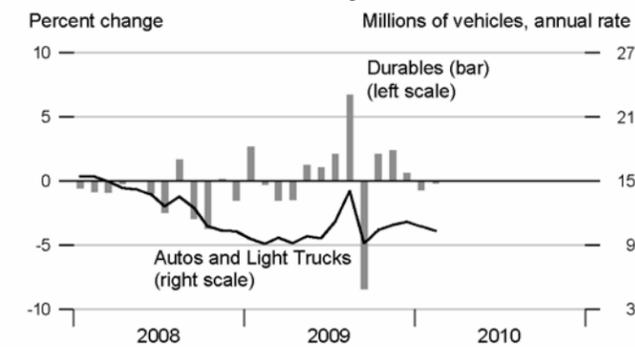
Personal Saving Rate



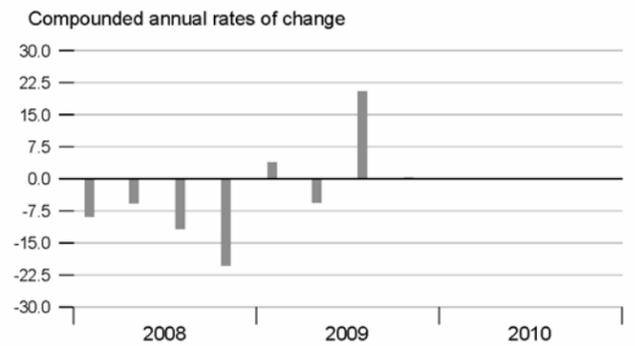
Real Consumption



Real Durables Consumption & Vehicle Sales

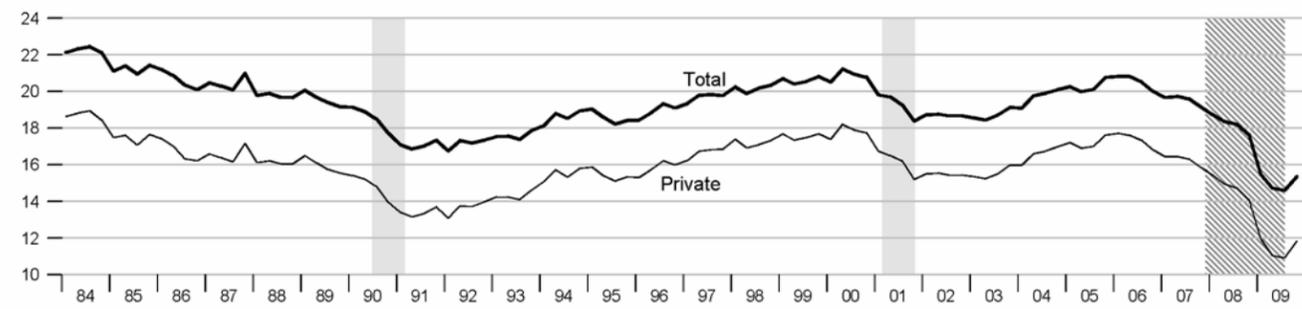


Real Durables Consumption



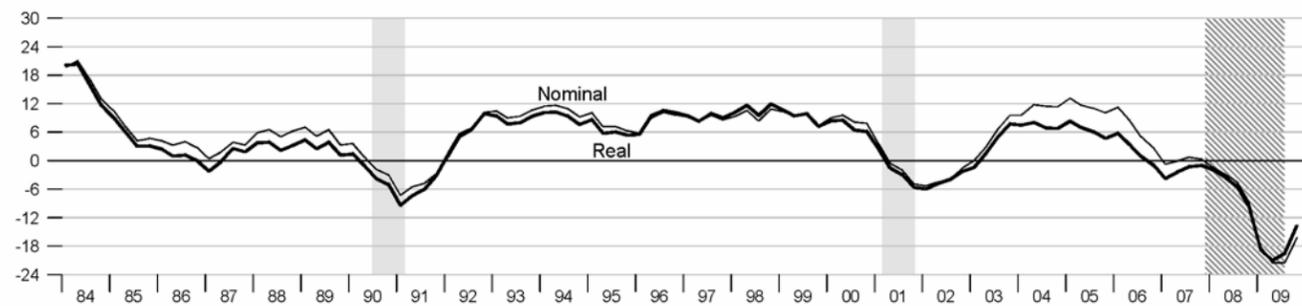
Investment

Percent of nominal GDP



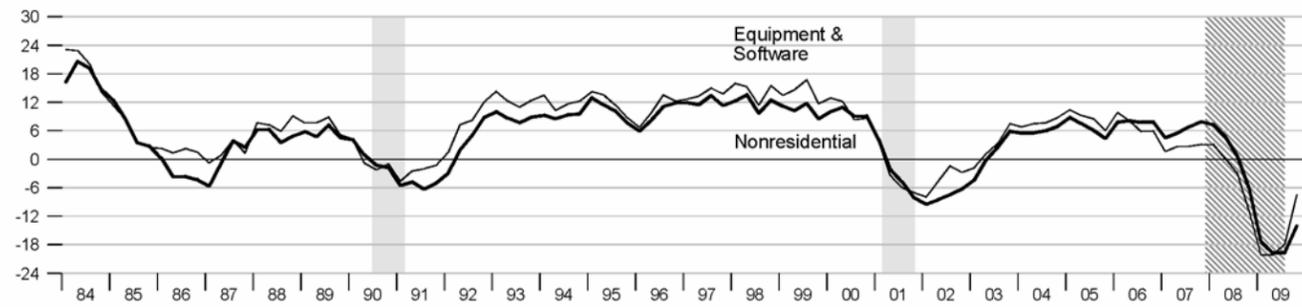
Private Fixed Investment

Percent change from year ago



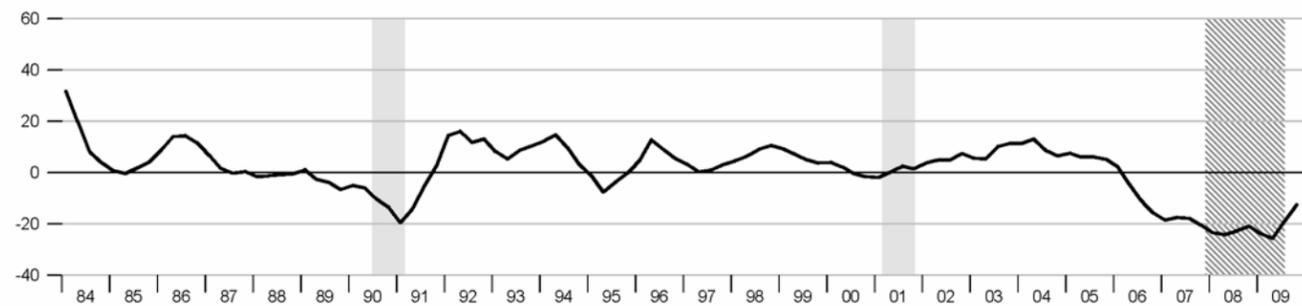
Real Nonresidential Fixed and Equipment & Software Investment

Percent change from year ago



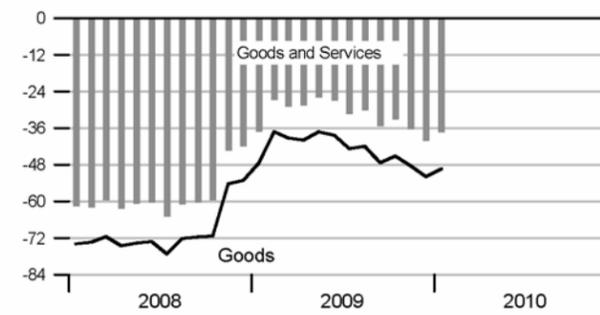
Real Residential Fixed Investment

Percent change from year ago



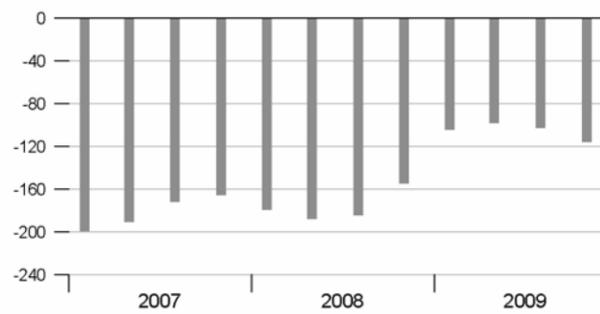
Trade Balance

Billions of dollars



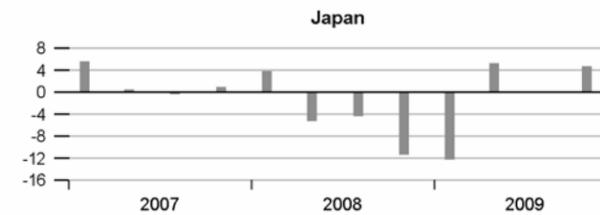
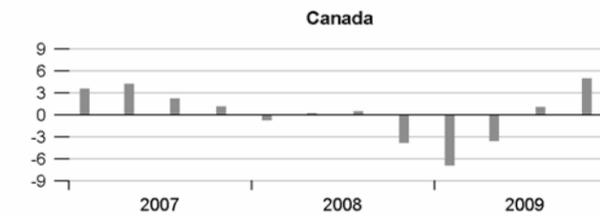
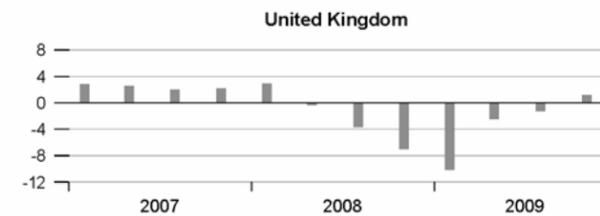
Current Account Balance

Billions of dollars



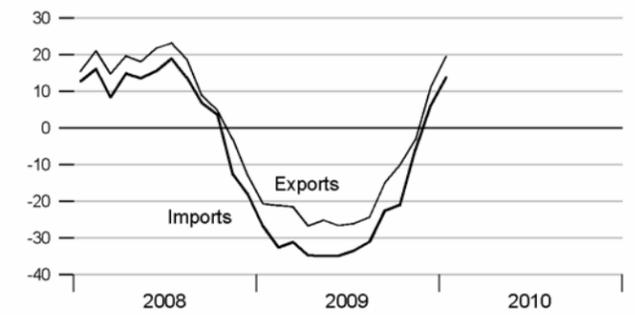
Real GDP Growth of Major Trading Partners

Compounded annual rates of change



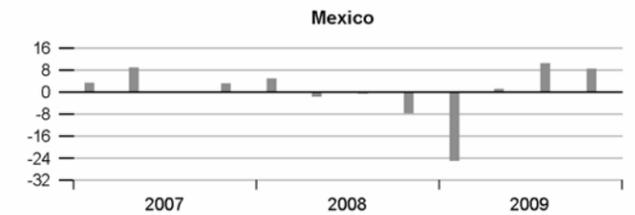
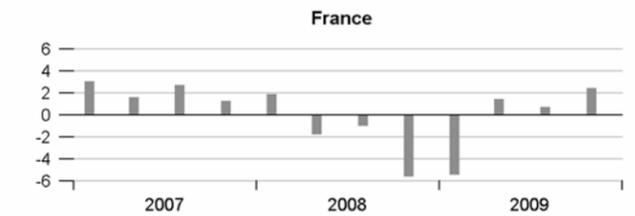
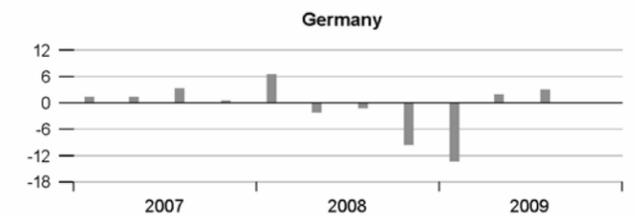
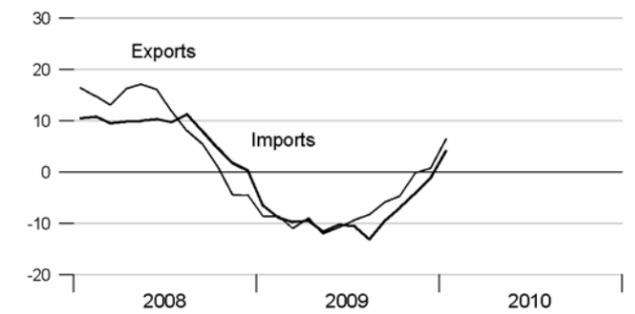
Goods Trade

Percent change from year ago

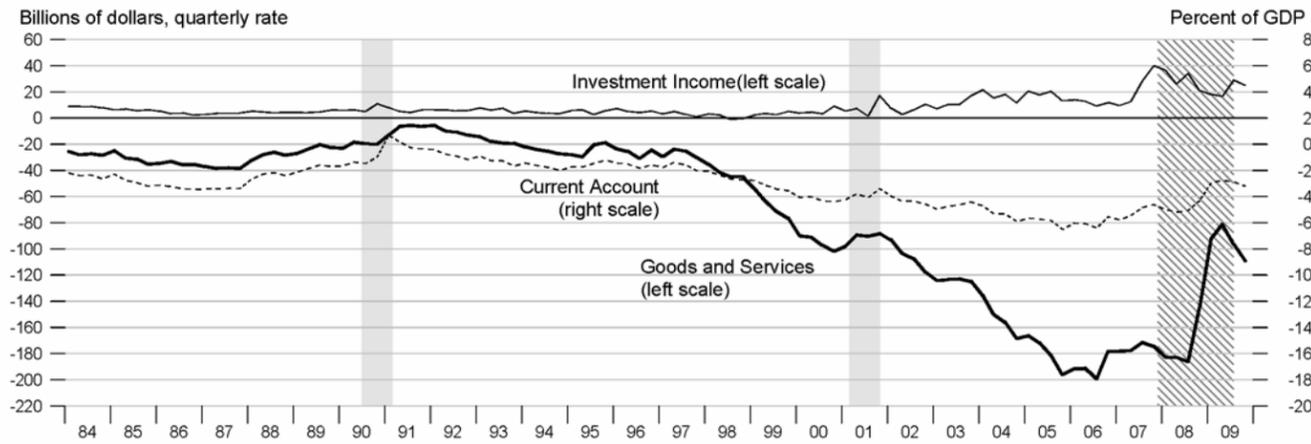


Services Trade

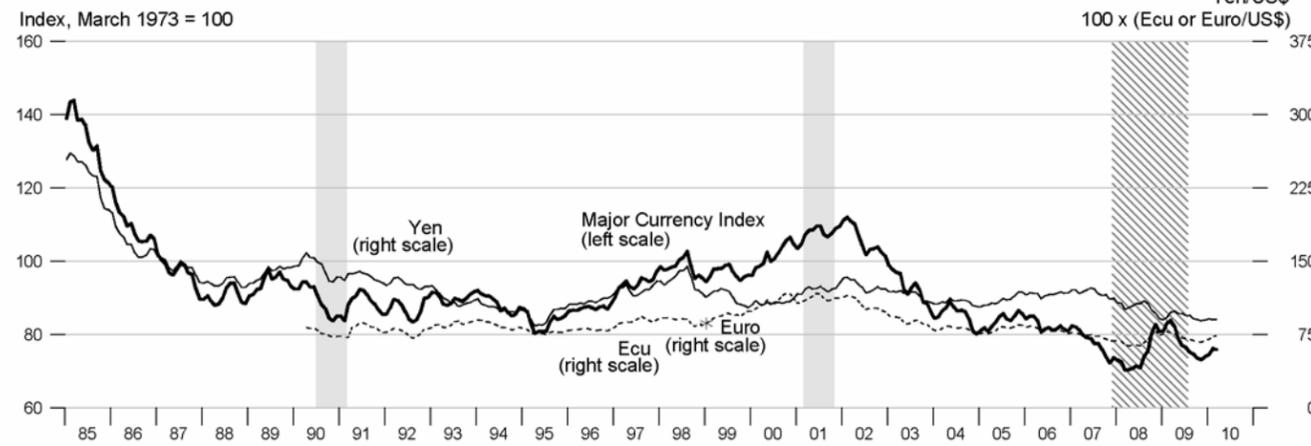
Percent change from year ago



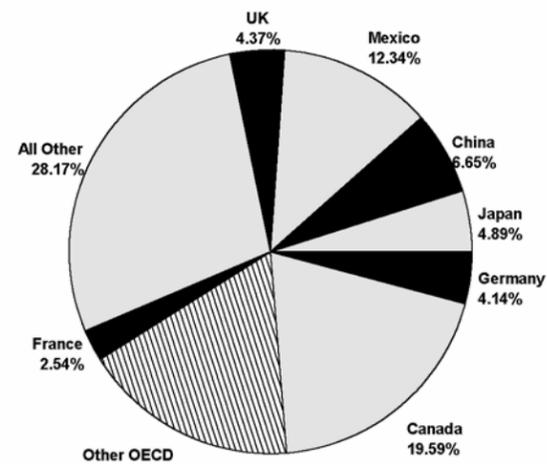
Current Account, Trade and Investment Income Balances



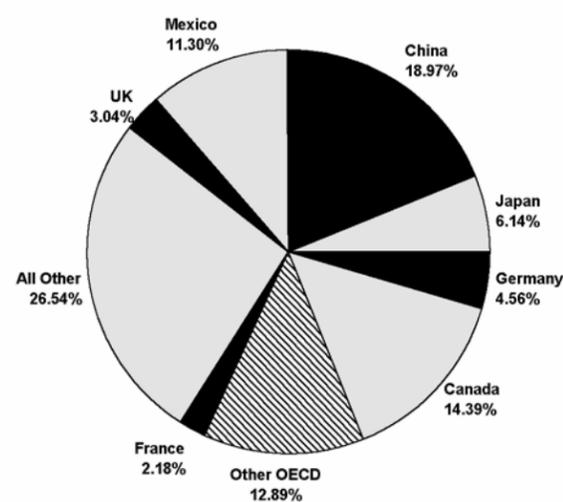
Exchange Rates



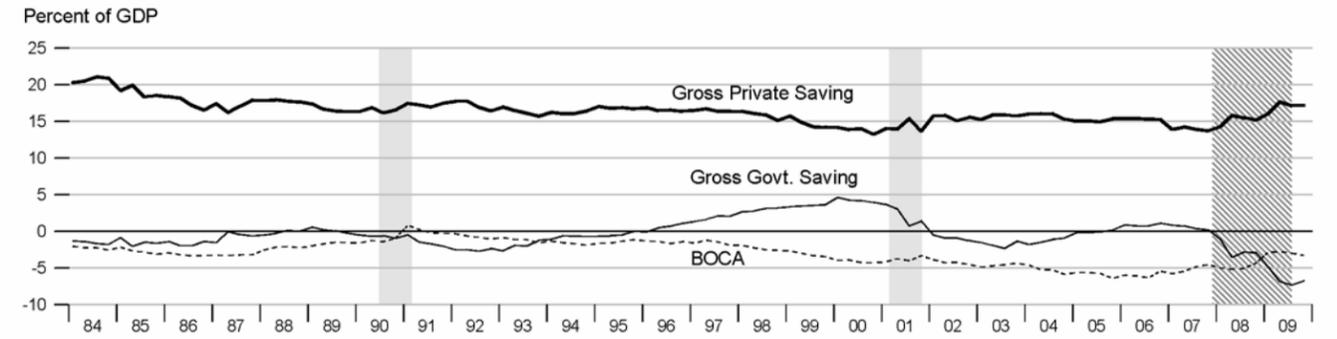
Goods Export Shares, 2009



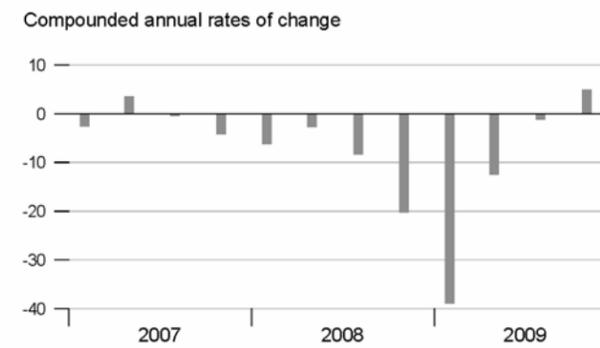
Goods Import Shares, 2009



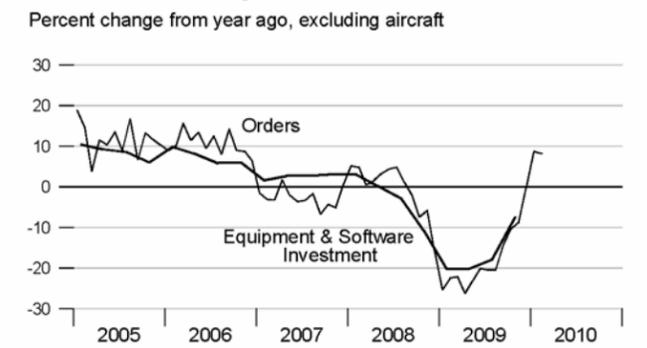
Gross Saving Rates and Balance on Current Account (NIPA)



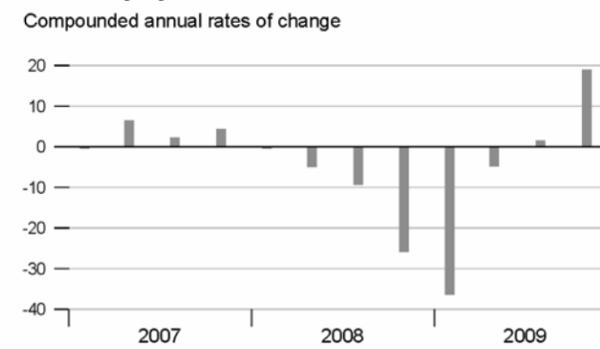
Real Private Fixed Investment



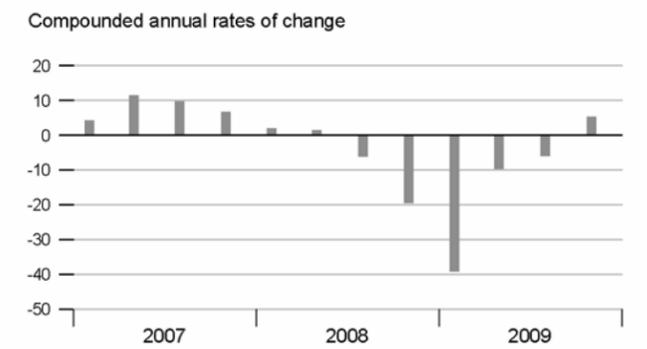
Nondefense Capital Goods Orders



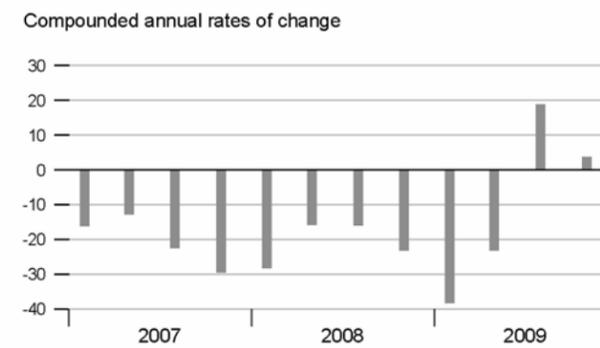
Real Equipment & Software Investment



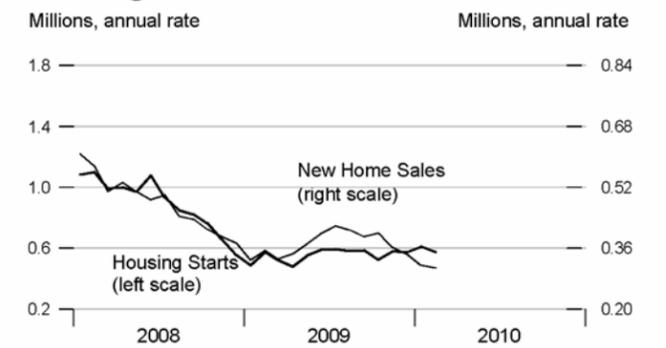
Real Nonresidential Fixed Investment



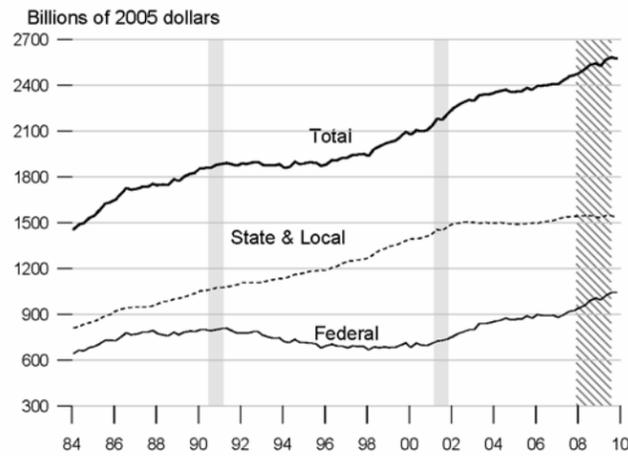
Real Residential Fixed Investment



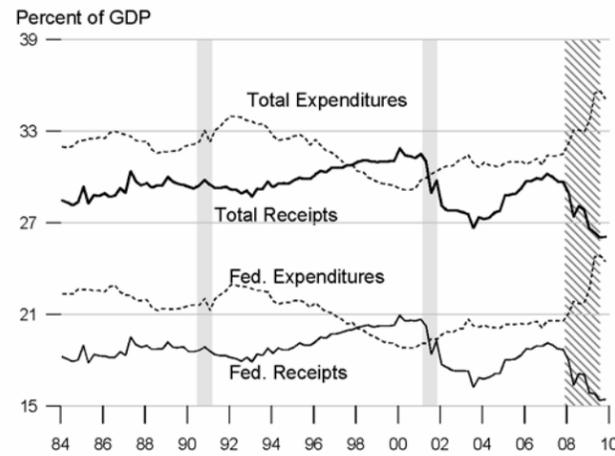
Housing Starts and New Home Sales



Govt. Consumption and Investment



Govt. Current Receipts and Expenditures

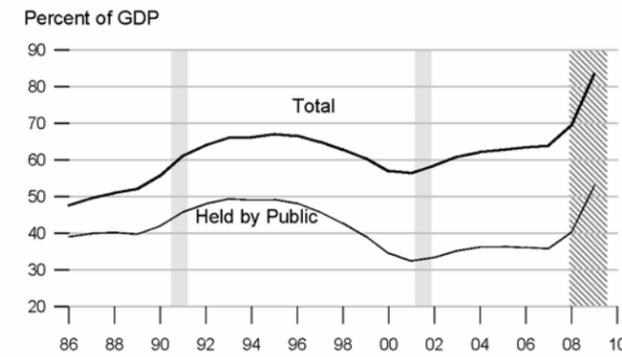


Government Budgets

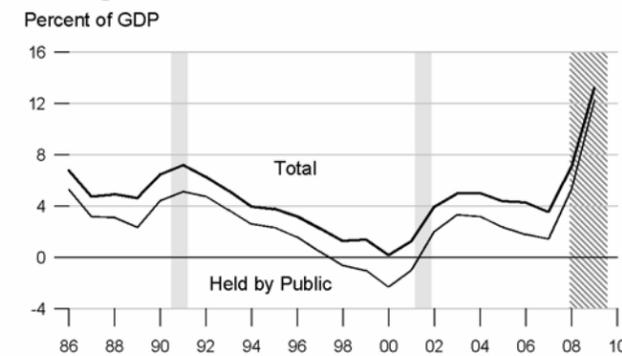
Billions of dollars

	National Income Accounts Calendar Years			Unified Budget Fiscal Years					
	State and Local	Federal		Federal					
	Receipts	Expenditures	Surplus or Deficit (-)	Receipts	Expenditures	Surplus or Deficit (-)	Receipts	Outlays	Surplus or Deficit (-)
1996	1045.1	1022.1	23.0	1526.4	1674.7	-148.3	1453.1	1560.5	-107.4
1997	1099.5	1063.2	36.3	1656.2	1716.3	-60.1	1579.2	1601.1	-21.9
1998	1164.5	1117.6	46.9	1777.9	1744.3	33.6	1721.7	1652.5	69.3
1999	1240.4	1198.6	41.8	1895.0	1796.2	98.8	1827.5	1701.8	125.6
2000	1322.6	1281.3	41.3	2057.1	1871.9	185.2	2025.2	1789.0	236.2
2001	1374.0	1389.9	-15.9	2020.3	1979.8	40.5	1991.1	1862.9	128.2
2002	1412.7	1466.8	-54.1	1859.3	2112.1	-252.8	1853.1	2010.9	-157.8
2003	1496.3	1535.1	-38.8	1885.1	2261.5	-376.4	1782.3	2159.9	-377.6
2004	1601.0	1609.3	-8.3	2013.9	2393.4	-379.5	1880.1	2292.9	-412.7
2005	1730.4	1704.5	25.9	2290.1	2573.1	-283.0	2153.6	2472.0	-318.3
2006	1829.7	1778.6	51.1	2524.5	2728.3	-203.8	2406.9	2655.1	-248.2
2007	1927.3	1905.6	21.7	2660.8	2897.2	-236.4	2568.0	2728.7	-160.7
2008	1974.2	2014.4	-40.2	2475.0	3117.6	-642.6	2524.0	2982.6	-458.6
2009	1995.5	2014.6	-19.1	2226.6	3451.3	-1225	2105.0	3517.7	-1413
2008Q1	1963.7	1983.8	-20.1	2590.7	3024.2	-433.5	539.8	745.7	-205.9
2008Q2	1994.2	2019.8	-25.6	2372.1	3169.0	-796.9	787.9	761.0	26.9
2008Q3	1987.5	2046.5	-59.0	2489.5	3155.2	-665.7	590.0	758.9	-169.0
2008Q4	1951.4	2007.5	-56.1	2447.8	3121.9	-674.1	547.4	879.9	-332.5
2009Q1	1961.4	1998.0	-36.6	2251.3	3220.3	-969.0	442.3	891.2	-448.9
2009Q2	1989.3	2013.9	-24.6	2237.0	3505.9	-1269	598.8	903.7	-304.9
2009Q3	2003.6	2018.6	-15.0	2188.5	3542.1	-1354	515.9	845.3	-329.4
2009Q4	2027.5	2028.0	-0.5	2229.8	3537.0	-1307	487.8	875.8	-388.1

Federal Debt



Change in Federal Debt

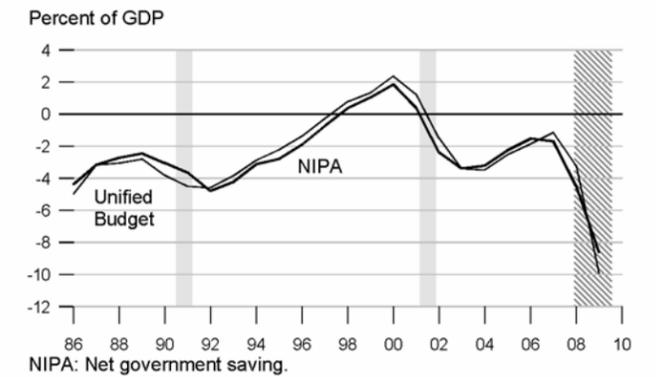


Federal Government Debt

Billions of dollars, end of month or fiscal year
Excludes Agency-issued debt

	Total Public Debt	Held by Agencies and Trusts	Held by Public		Held by Private Investors	
			Total	Federal Reserve Banks	Total	Foreign and International
2007	9007.7	3958.4	5049.2	779.6	4269.7	2235.3
2008	10024.7	4210.5	5814.2	476.6	5332.0	2799.5
2009	11909.8	4355.3	7554.5	769.2	6782.7	3497.4
2006 March	8371.2	3498.4	4872.8	758.5	4114.0	2082.1
2006 June	8420.0	3622.6	4797.5	766.4	4030.8	1977.8
2006 September	8507.0	3663.8	4843.2	768.9	4074.2	2025.3
2006 December	8680.2	3779.0	4901.2	778.9	4122.1	2103.1
2007 March	8849.7	3795.4	5054.3	780.9	4273.1	2194.8
2007 June	8867.7	3924.7	4943.0	790.5	4152.6	2192.0
2007 September	9007.7	3958.4	5049.2	779.6	4269.7	2235.3
2007 December	9229.2	4092.9	5136.3	740.6	4395.7	2353.2
2008 March	9437.6	4103.6	5334.0	591.2	4742.9	2505.8
2008 June	9492.0	4207.0	5285.0	478.8	4806.2	2587.2
2008 September	10024.7	4210.5	5814.2	476.6	5332.0	2799.5
2008 December	10699.8	4327.2	6372.7	475.9	5893.4	3075.9
2009 March	11126.9	4290.6	6836.3	492.3	6341.7	3264.6
2009 June	11545.3	4368.8	7176.5	656.5	6518.5	3382.1
2009 September	11909.8	4355.3	7554.5	769.2	6782.7	3497.4
2009 December	12311.4	4497.0	7814.4	776.6	7034.5	3614.0

Federal Surplus (+) / Deficit (-)



Federal Surplus (+) / Deficit (-), Unified Basis

